## **Image**



## Progression of Ventricular Repolarization in Left Bundle Branch Block in Non-Compaction of the Myocardium

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Male, 34-years-old, developed a rapidly progressive heart failure four years ago, resulting from a left ventricular (LV) noncompaction cardiomyopathy according to findings from magnetic resonance angiography. The initial electrocardiogram (Fig. 1) showed a first-degree AV block, left ventricular and left atrial overload and left bundle branch block, with SÂT at +30°, and biphasic T waves in D1 and V6. Recently, after a viral infection of the respiratory tract he presented with a severe exertional limitation. Doppler echocardiogram (Fig. 2) demonstrated diffuse hypokinesia and a significant decrease in LV ejection fraction (0.38) with mild mitral regurgitation, final LV diastolic diameter of 6.3cm and final systolic diameter of 5.1 cm, in addition to detecting the characteristic trabeculations in the internal face of the septal-apical myocardium with

intratrabecular blood flow. ECG (Figure 3) showed a higher degree of aberrant ventricular activation and significant T wave inversion in anterolateral and inferior walls, with a diametrically opposed SÂT at -145°.

## **Comments**

The electrocardiographic concept of circumferential subendocardial ischemia because of SÂT displacement to the right upper quadrant in the three-vessel coronary artery disease or the like, indicative of a sudden increase in LV end-diastolic pressure, may be pertinent to this form of cardiomyopathy, for which information on ECG alterations is scarce.

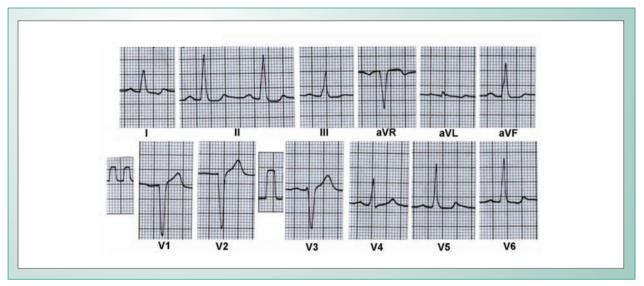


Fig. 1 - Left ventricular and atrial overload and left bundle branch block. Observe biphasic T waves in D1 and V6, with straightening of the ST segment in the inferior wall.  $S\hat{A}T$  at  $+30^{\circ}$ .

## **Key words**

Left bundle branch block, circumferential subendocardial ischemia, non-compacted myocardium.

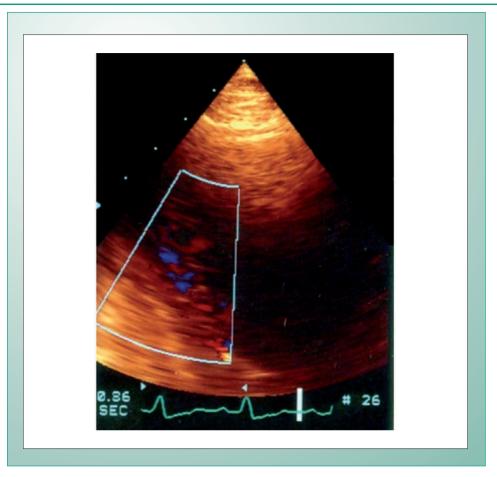


Fig. 2 - Doppler echocardiogram demonstrating myocardial trabeculations in the septal-apical region of the left ventricle.



Fig. 3 - A higher degree of aberrant QRS complexes with SÂT at -145° is observed.