Anti-Streptococcal activity of Brazilian Amazon Rain Forest plant extracts presents potential for preventive strategies against dental caries

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ABSTRACT

aries is a global public health problem, whose control requires the introduction of lowcost treatments, such as strong prevention strategies, minimally invasive techniques and chemical prevention agents. Nature plays an important role as a source of new antibacterial substances that can be used in the prevention of caries, and Brazil is the richest country in terms of biodiversity. Objective: In this study, the disk diffusion method (DDM) was used to screen over 2,000 Brazilian Amazon plant extracts against Streptococcus mutans. Material and Methods: Seventeen active plant extracts were identified and fractionated. Extracts and their fractions, obtained by liquid-liquid partition, were tested in the DDM assay and in the microdilution broth assay (MBA) to determine their minimal inhibitory concentrations (MICs) and minimal bactericidal concentrations (MBCs). The extracts were also subjected to antioxidant analysis by thin layer chromatography. Results: EB271, obtained from Casearia spruceana, showed significant activity against the bacterium in the DDM assay (20.67±0.52 mm), as did EB1129, obtained from *Psychotria sp*. (Rubiaceae) (15.04±2.29 mm). EB1493, obtained from Ipomoea alba, was the only extract to show strong activity against *Streptococcus mutans* (0.08 mg/mL<MIC<0.16 mg/mL; MBC=0.16 mg/mL) in the MBA. Conclusions: The active extracts, discovered in the Amazon rain forest, show potential as sources of new antibacterial agents for use as chemical coadjuvants in prevention strategies to treat caries.

Keywords: *Streptococcus mutans*. Amazonian ecosystem. Plant extracts. Antioxidants. Anti-infective agents.

INTRODUCTION

The introduction of new non-profitable therapeutic methods related to the treatment of caries disease is a challenge for low- and middleincome countries that may have effect on children's growth and adults' general health¹⁶. Much has already been done with the introduction of new approaches, such as minimally invasive techniques⁵ and antibiotics²⁰, as well as the popularization of and access to toothbrushes, toothpastes¹⁸, mouth washers and flossing materials. Good diet, combined with oral health habits, such as brushing, washing, flossing and chewing, may diminish the incidence of caries. If caries do occur and dentin is involved, chemical-mechanical removal performed according to minimally invasive techniques can be performed.

Discovering new antibacterial products that can be used as coadjuvants in caries treatment and in the composition of dentifrices may add to the efficacy of oral health programs. Nature is one of the main sources of new antimicrobial molecules. During the last two decades, natural products represented one of the main sources of new drugs approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)¹⁷. Much research has been conducted so far, and screening programs have been introduced in many countries, including the United States, Madagascar, Cameroon, Indonesia, China, India, and many others. In Brazil, screening programs have been well established^{1,19,27,30} since the Environment Ministry promulgated MP 2.186 in August 26th, 2001, introducing guidelines to bioprospect the Brazilian biodiversity, which is considered to be the richest in the world and one of the least studied in terms of its pharmacological and chemical potential.

The introduction of new antibacterial compounds for use as chemical antibacterial agents in dentifrices and cements may play an important role in caries prevention and its chemical control, particularly compounds obtained from nature. Traditionally, natural products are used in dental products. For example, eugenol and some plant extracts obtained from *Zizyphus joazeiro* (juá), *Mentha piperita* (mentha) and *Punica granatum* (pomegranate), as well as new natural products, are frequently studied⁸ in the hope of introducing them into clinical practices.

Thus, our group carried out a focused search for new antimicrobial natural products active against *Streptococcus* involved in oral diseases. Information on the microbiological, chemical and antioxidant profiles of the active extracts will contribute to the identification and development of new antibacterial agents for use, in the near future, in prevention strategies and as chemical coadjuvant in minimal intervention techniques to treat caries.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Plant collection and extraction preparation

Plants were collected from the Amazon and Atlantic rain forests (IBAMA license 12A/2008) according to techniques that have been previously described²⁶. Briefly, plants were dried in an aircirculating incubator (Fanem, Diadema, SP, Brazil) at 40°C and were ground (Holmes, Danville, Illinois, USA). The plant powder was macerated with a 50/50 solution of dichloromethane and methanol (Synth, Diadema, SP, Brazil) for 24 h. After that, solvents were evaporated. A second 24 h maceration was performed with Milli-Q water (Millipore, Diadema, SP, Brazil) before the extract was lyophilized (Virtis, Stone Ridge, NY, USA). Organic and aqueous extracts were kept at -20°C until use.

Extracts and standard drug preparation

Organic extracts were solubilized in 50% dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO50; Synth, Diadema, SP, Brazil), and aqueous extracts were solubilized in Milli-Q water³⁰ (Millipore, Billerica, MA, USA). Screening tests in the disk diffusion assay were performed with extracts prepared at 200 mg/mL, and the selected extracts were prepared at 250,

200, 150, 100, 50, 25, 12.5, 6.3, 3.2, 1.6, and 0.8 mg/mL for testing in the microdilution broth assay (MBA). Polar and non-polar fractions derived from active extracts were prepared in DMSO50 and water, respectively, at 200 mg/mL. Chlorhexidine digluconate (CHX; Clorexidina S, FGM, Joinville, SC, Brazil) was used as standard drug. Final concentrations of 0.12, 1 and 2% of CHX were used in the assays.

Bacteria

Streptococcus mutans (ATCC 25175) was obtained from Microbiologics[®]. Bacteria were kept in a mother plaque, in the 3rd passage, and were used freshly in the 4th passages in all experiments. Bacteria were cultivated in a glass chamber, located inside an incubator at 36°C, for 48 h. Microaerophyllic conditions were obtained by adding a lit candle inside the chamber. After a period of time, the oxygen inside the chamber is consumed and the fire is extinguished, which permits the microaerophyllic environment during the assay. Bacteria were resuspended in saline solution at a concentration of 0.5 MacFarland (corresponding to 1.5x10⁸ CFU/mL) for the disk diffusion method (DDM) and at concentrations of 1×10^7 , 1×10^6 , $1x10^{5}$, $1x10^{4}$, $1x10^{3}$ and $1x10^{2}$ CFU/mL for the microdilution broth assays (MBA)⁴.

Culture medium

Brain heart infusion agar blood (BHIAB; Oxoid, Hampshire, UK) was prepared according to the manufacturer's instructions, and defibrinated cattle blood was added to the agar medium to a final concentration of 5%.

Brain heart infusion broth (BHIB, Oxoid, Hampshire, UK) was prepared according to the manufacturer's instructions and was used in the MBA in 96-well round bottom microplates (Costar Corning, Tewsbury, MA, USA).

Disk diffusion method

BHIAB was used as the bacterial growth medium for the disk diffusion method (DDM)²⁵ as follows. Bacteria were suspended in saline solution at 0.5 MacFarland and inoculated on BHIAB using a sterile swab. Sterile paper disks (Cefar, São Paulo, SP, Brazil) measuring 6 mm in diameter and 1 mm in height were distributed equally over the inoculated blood agar medium. Ten µL of standard drug, extracts or fractions were deposited over the paper disks. Petri dishes (J.T.Labor; Curitiba, PR, Brazil) were kept in microaerophilic-environment chambers in incubator at 36°C for 48 hours. The presence of a zone of inhibition was considered a positive result independent of its diameter. Extracts that inhibited bacterial growth in this method were retested in triplicate and false positives were eliminated.

Means were statistically compared by one-way ANOVA (p<0.05) and Tukey post-test (GraphPad[®] Prism 5.0).

Microdilution broth assay

This technique was used to determine the minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) and the minimal bactericidal concentration (MBC) using different concentrations of active plant extracts (final concentrations corresponding to 12.5, 10, 7.5, 5, 2.5, 1.25, 0.63, 0.31, 0.16, 0.08 and 0.04 mg/mL) against bacterial suspensions of 1×10^7 , 1×10^6 , 1×10^5 , 1×10^4 , 1×10^3 and 1×10^2 CFU/mL. Briefly, 190 µL of a bacterial suspension were added to each well of 96-well microplates. Next, 10 µl of samples were added to the corresponding wells. Each plate was set up with a positive and negative bacterial growth control. Microplates were kept in a microaerophilic environment for 48 h at 36° C.

Chromatographic techniques used in the fractionation of selected antibacterial extracts

Liquid-liquid partition

One gram of each active extract was resuspended in 12 mL of a methanol (MeOH, Synth, Diadema, SP, Brazil) and water solution (3:1) with the addition of chloroform (CHCl₃, Synth, Diadema, SP, Brazil) if necessary. The extract suspension was transferred to a 50 mL burette and washed three times with 25 mL of CHCl₃. All three CHCl₃ washes were combined and evaporated, producing the chloroform fraction (RCHCl₃). The aqueous fraction was recuperated and allowed to air dry to completely eliminate the chloroform. After that, the volume was brought up to 10 mL using a 1:1 mixture of methanol and water. Forty mL of butanol (BuOH; Synth, Diadema, São Paulo, Brazil) were added to the burette, and the aqueous fraction was also gently poured into the burette. The procedure was repeated with another 25 mL of BuOH. Both previously obtained BuOH volumes were combined and allowed to evaporate, yielding the RBuOH fraction. Finally, the aqueous fraction RH₂O was recuperated and lyophilized.

The three fractions were analyzed by thin layer chromatography (Silica Gel GF254, Merck, Darmstadt, Germany). Three solvent systems were used: hexane:ethyl acetate (4:1), chloroform:ethyl acetate (1:1) and chloroform:ethyl acetate:methanol (2:2:1). Thin layer plates were first developed with ultraviolet light at 254 and 366 nm, followed by treatment with 25% sulfuric acid (Synth, Diadema, SP, Brazil) and heating²⁹. Then, to determine the antioxidant properties, the thin layer plates were developed with β -carotene²¹ (Synth, Diadema, SP, Brazil).

RESULTS

High-throughput screening using the DDM technique was applied to more than 2,000 plant extracts against *S. mutans* and resulted in the identification of 17 active aqueous (even numbered extracts) and organic (odd numbered extracts) plant extracts that somehow inhibited bacterial growth in DDM. The botanical names and general

Collect #	Collect date	Extract	Organ	Family	Genus	Species	Author	
PSC252	8/8/1997	EB71	Aerial organs	Boraginaceae	Cordia	sp.		
AAO3330	9/11/1998	EB271	Leaves	Salicaceae	Caseria	spruceana	Benth. Ex Eichler	
AAO3330	9/11/1998	EB272	Leaves	Salicaceae	Caseria	spruceana	Benth. Ex Eichler	
AAO3299	9/10/1998	EB631	Stem	Rutaceae	Zanthoxylum	compactum	(Huber ex Albuq.) P.G.Waterman	
AAO3491	10/1/1999	EB869	Stem	Ebenaceae	Diospyros	guianensis	(Aubl.) Gurke	
AAO3580	25/02/00	EB1099	Stem	Rubiaceae	Psychotria	sp.		
AAO3577	25/02/00	EB1109	Stem	Annonaceae	Annona	hypoglauca	Mart.	
AAO3543	24/02/00	EB1119	Stem	Boraginaceae	Cordia	cf. exaltata	Lam.	
AAO3580	25/02/00	EB1129	Aerial organs	Rubiaceae	Psychotria	sp.		
IBS142	12/8/2001	EB1343	Leaves	Clusiaceae	Moronobea	coccinea	Aubl.	
IBS61	11/1/2001	EB1383	Aerial organs	Boraginaceae	Cordia	nodosa	Lam.	
IBS121	12/7/2001	EB1407	Aerial organs	Solanaceae	Solanum	cf. lanceifolium	Jacq.	
AAO4031	13/05/02	EB1493	Aerial organs	Convolvulaceae	Ipomoea	alba	L.	
AAO4067	16/05/02	EB1539	Aerial organs	Salicaceae	Casearia	javitensis	H.B.K.	
MBP768	27/01/03	EB1673	Stem	Annonaceae	Annona	hypoglauca	Mart.	
AAO3812	4/5/2002	EB1779	Aerial organs	Smilacaceae	Smilax	sp.		
AAO4005	5/11/2002	EB1933	Stem	Boraginaceae	Cordia	sp.		

Figure 1- Botanical data related to the plants that originated active extracts

collection information are displayed in Figure 1.

All 17 extracts were retested in the DDM assay. Each extract was analyzed in triplicate, and the means and standard deviations (SDs) of diameters obtained in two perpendicular measurements of each zone of inhibition were obtained in mm (n=6); n_{total} = 120). These results are displayed in Table 1. Two percent CHX was used as a standard drug, and 50% DMSO and 100% DMSO solvents, which were used in the dilution of extracts and fractions, were also tested for antibacterial activity. According to one-way ANOVA and means comparison analysis using Tukey post-test, assuming a normal distribution for all media ($F_{(20,125)}$ =170.3; r²=0.9701; p<0.05), EB271, obtained from the leaves of Casearia spruceana (Salicaceae, Figure 1), showed a zone of inhibition diameter (20.67±0.52

mm) similar to that of 2% CHX (19.28 \pm 0.73 mm) when tested against *S. mutans*.

All 17 extracts were fractionated, and the fractions were analyzed in the DDM assay. The results of the analysis from the RCHCl₃ fractions are shown in Table 1. It was observed that only the RCHCl₃ and RBuOH fractions showed antibacterial activity. CHX was tested at a 2% dilution and in other dilutions commonly used in Dentistry, including 0.12% and 1% dilutions, permitting a wide range of statistical comparison for practical relevance. It was observed that none of the RCHCl₃ fractions showed antibacterial activity compared to 2% CHX (p<0.05), which was more effective. When compared with 1% CHX, a chlorhexidine concentration commonly used in endodontic procedures, the RCHCl₃ fractions of extracts

Table 1- Antibacterial activity observed for organic extract and its fractions diluted to 200 mg/mL against *Streptococcus mutans* in the disk diffusion assay in brain heart infusion agar-blood. Means and standard deviation values obtained from the growth-inhibition zone diameters are given and are expressed in millimeters (n=6; ntotal=120). One-way ANOVA and Tukey's post test were used to compare means (significant if p<0.05). *significance is indicated as a comparison of test samples to 1% CHX . Antioxidant activity observed for fractions obtained from active plant extracts

	DD	M Antibacterial	activity	Antioxidant activity of fractions						
EB#	Organic	RCHCI ₃	RBuOH	RH ₂ O RDMSO			RH₂O	RBuOH	RCHCI ₃	RDMSO
	extracts									
EB71	10.66±0.59	14.39±0.37**	-	-		EB71	-	+	-	
EB271	20.67±0.52*	-	13.83±0.58	-		EB271	+	+	-	
EB272	14.65±0.40	-	10.13±0.51	-		EB272	+	+	-	
EB631	10.45±0.57	11.24±0.89	-	-		EB631	-	+	-	
EB869	14.03±0.71	12.04±0.43	-	F	-	EB869	-	-	-	-
EB1099	14.03±1.23	15.34±1.61***	-	-	-	EB1099	-	-	-	-
EB1109	11.04±0.65	15.73±0.83***	7.97±0.44	-		EB1109	+	-	-	
EB1119	11.39±1.18	-	-	-		EB1119	-	-	-	
EB1129	15.04±2.29	17.71±0.91***	-	-	-	EB1129	-	-	-	-
EB1343	9.53±0.52	-	-	-		EB1343	+	+	-	
EB1383	12.17±0.41	12.05±0.61	8.71±0.90	F		EB1383	+	-	-	
EB1407	9.51±0.68	-	-	-		EB1407	-	-	-	
EB1493	8.34±1.09	10.78±0.30	-	-		EB1493	-	-	-	
EB1539	11.56±0.56	-	-	-	-	EB1539	+	-	-	+
EB1673	9.99±0.75	10.98±0.47	9.94±0.16	-	-	EB1673	-	+	-	-
EB1779	14.28±1.45	14.84±0.87***	-	-		EB1779	-	-	-	
EB1933	8.44±1.42	-	-	-		EB1933	-	+	-	
CHX 0.12%	10.12									
CHX 1%	12.37									
CHX 2%	19.28±0.73									
DMSO 50%	0									
DMSO 100%	0									

Caption: E#=extract number; FCHCl3=chloroform fraction; FBuOH=buthanol fraction; FMW=methanol: water fraction; FDMSO=dimethylsulfoxide; S. mut=*Streptococcus mutans*; S.sang=*Streptococcus sanguinis*, CHX=chlorexidin digluconate, DMSO=dimethylsulfoxide; RCHCl₃=chloroform fraction; RBuOH=buthanol fraction; RH₂O=water fraction; RDMSO=dimethylsulfoxide fraction; □=does not exist; NT=not tested; (-)=not active; (+)=active

of 17 active extracts tested at concentrations of 12.5; 10.0; 7.5; 5.0; 2.5; 1.25; 0.6; 0.31; 0.16; 0.08 and 0.04 mg/mL against Streptococcus mutans suspensions at potencies of able 2- Results obtained in the microdilution broth assays used in the determination of the minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) and minimal bactericide concentration (MBC) 1x10²; 1x10³; 1x10⁴; 1x10⁵; 1x10⁶ and 1x10⁷ CFU/ml

Str 1x10° CFU/mL MIC MBC MIC MBC MIC MIC MIC MBC MIC MBC MIC MIC Tx10° CFU/mL <	treptococcus mutans	nL 1x10° CFU/mL 1x10° CFU/mL 1x10° CFU/mL 1x10° CFU/mL	MBC MIC MBC MIC MBC MIC MBC	0.08 0.04 <mic<0.16 0.04<mic<0.16="" 0.08<mic<0.16="" 0.16="" 0.16<="" th=""><th>2.5 1.25<mic<7.5 1.25<mic<7.5="" 10.0<="" 2.5<mic<10.0="" 7.5="" th=""><th>0.63 0.31<mic<0.63 0.63="" 1.25<mic<5.0="" 5.0="">12.5 >12.5</mic<0.63></th><th>0.63 0.63<mic<1.25 1.25="" 2.5<mic<5.0="" 5.0="" ≥12.5="">12.5</mic<1.25></th><th>5.0 1.25<mic<10.0 10.0="" 12.5="" 5<mic<12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<10.0></th><th>0.31 0.310.310.310.310.310.310.310.315>12.5>12.5</th><th>1.25 0.63<mic<1.25 1.25="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<1.25></th><th>1.25 0.63<mic<1.25 1.25="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<1.25></th><th>0.63 0.31<mic<2.5 2.5="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<2.5></th><th>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5 2.5="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<2.5></th><th>2.5 1.25<mic<7.5 7.5="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<7.5></th><th>5.0 1.25<mic<7.5 7.5="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<7.5></th><th>5.0 2.5<mic<12.5 12.5="" 212.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 12.5 212</mic<12.5></th><th>2.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</th><th>>12.5 ≥12.5 >12.5 ≥12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</th><th>>12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</th><th>>12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</th></mic<7.5></th></mic<0.16>	2.5 1.25 <mic<7.5 1.25<mic<7.5="" 10.0<="" 2.5<mic<10.0="" 7.5="" th=""><th>0.63 0.31<mic<0.63 0.63="" 1.25<mic<5.0="" 5.0="">12.5 >12.5</mic<0.63></th><th>0.63 0.63<mic<1.25 1.25="" 2.5<mic<5.0="" 5.0="" ≥12.5="">12.5</mic<1.25></th><th>5.0 1.25<mic<10.0 10.0="" 12.5="" 5<mic<12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<10.0></th><th>0.31 0.310.310.310.310.310.310.310.315>12.5>12.5</th><th>1.25 0.63<mic<1.25 1.25="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<1.25></th><th>1.25 0.63<mic<1.25 1.25="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<1.25></th><th>0.63 0.31<mic<2.5 2.5="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<2.5></th><th>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5 2.5="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<2.5></th><th>2.5 1.25<mic<7.5 7.5="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<7.5></th><th>5.0 1.25<mic<7.5 7.5="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<7.5></th><th>5.0 2.5<mic<12.5 12.5="" 212.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 12.5 212</mic<12.5></th><th>2.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</th><th>>12.5 ≥12.5 >12.5 ≥12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</th><th>>12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</th><th>>12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</th></mic<7.5>	0.63 0.31 <mic<0.63 0.63="" 1.25<mic<5.0="" 5.0="">12.5 >12.5</mic<0.63>	0.63 0.63 <mic<1.25 1.25="" 2.5<mic<5.0="" 5.0="" ≥12.5="">12.5</mic<1.25>	5.0 1.25 <mic<10.0 10.0="" 12.5="" 5<mic<12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<10.0>	0.31 0.310.310.310.310.310.310.310.315>12.5>12.5	1.25 0.63 <mic<1.25 1.25="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<1.25>	1.25 0.63 <mic<1.25 1.25="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<1.25>	0.63 0.31 <mic<2.5 2.5="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<2.5>	2.5 1.25 <mic<2.5 2.5="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<2.5>	2.5 1.25 <mic<7.5 7.5="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<7.5>	5.0 1.25 <mic<7.5 7.5="" ≥12.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5</mic<7.5>	5.0 2.5 <mic<12.5 12.5="" 212.5="">12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 12.5 212</mic<12.5>	2.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5	>12.5 ≥12.5 >12.5 ≥12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5	>12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5	>12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5 >12.5
Streptococcus mutans tx10° CFUmL tx10° CFUMC tx10° CFUM		0 ⁶ CFU/mL	MBC	<0.16 0.16 0.04 <n< td=""><td>C<7.5 7.5 1.25<n< td=""><td><0.63 0.63 1.25<n< td=""><td><1.25 1.25 2.5<n< td=""><td><10.0 10.0 5<mi< td=""><td><0.63 0.63 ≥1</td><td><1.25 1.25 ≥1</td><td><1.25 1.25 ≥1</td><td>3<2.5 2.5 ≥1</td><td>3<2.5 2.5 ≥1</td><td>3<7.5 7.5 ≥1</td><td>3<7.5 7.5 ≥1</td><td><12.5 12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 >1</td></mi<></td></n<></td></n<></td></n<></td></n<>	C<7.5 7.5 1.25 <n< td=""><td><0.63 0.63 1.25<n< td=""><td><1.25 1.25 2.5<n< td=""><td><10.0 10.0 5<mi< td=""><td><0.63 0.63 ≥1</td><td><1.25 1.25 ≥1</td><td><1.25 1.25 ≥1</td><td>3<2.5 2.5 ≥1</td><td>3<2.5 2.5 ≥1</td><td>3<7.5 7.5 ≥1</td><td>3<7.5 7.5 ≥1</td><td><12.5 12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 >1</td></mi<></td></n<></td></n<></td></n<>	<0.63 0.63 1.25 <n< td=""><td><1.25 1.25 2.5<n< td=""><td><10.0 10.0 5<mi< td=""><td><0.63 0.63 ≥1</td><td><1.25 1.25 ≥1</td><td><1.25 1.25 ≥1</td><td>3<2.5 2.5 ≥1</td><td>3<2.5 2.5 ≥1</td><td>3<7.5 7.5 ≥1</td><td>3<7.5 7.5 ≥1</td><td><12.5 12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 >1</td></mi<></td></n<></td></n<>	<1.25 1.25 2.5 <n< td=""><td><10.0 10.0 5<mi< td=""><td><0.63 0.63 ≥1</td><td><1.25 1.25 ≥1</td><td><1.25 1.25 ≥1</td><td>3<2.5 2.5 ≥1</td><td>3<2.5 2.5 ≥1</td><td>3<7.5 7.5 ≥1</td><td>3<7.5 7.5 ≥1</td><td><12.5 12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 >1</td></mi<></td></n<>	<10.0 10.0 5 <mi< td=""><td><0.63 0.63 ≥1</td><td><1.25 1.25 ≥1</td><td><1.25 1.25 ≥1</td><td>3<2.5 2.5 ≥1</td><td>3<2.5 2.5 ≥1</td><td>3<7.5 7.5 ≥1</td><td>3<7.5 7.5 ≥1</td><td><12.5 12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 ≥1</td><td>5 >12.5 >1</td></mi<>	<0.63 0.63 ≥1	<1.25 1.25 ≥1	<1.25 1.25 ≥1	3<2.5 2.5 ≥1	3<2.5 2.5 ≥1	3<7.5 7.5 ≥1	3<7.5 7.5 ≥1	<12.5 12.5 ≥1	5 >12.5 ≥1	5 >12.5 ≥1	5 >12.5 ≥1	5 >12.5 >1
1×10^{2} CFU/mL 1×10^{3} MIC 0.08 $0.04 \times MIC < < 0.08$ 0.008 $0.04 \times MIC < < 0.08$ $0.014 \times MIC < < 0.08$ $0.014 \times MIC < < 0.08$ $0.014 \times MIC < < 0.031 \times MIC < < 0.016 \times MIC < < 0.0106 \times MIC $	Streptococcus mutans	CFU/mL 1x1	MBC MIC	.08 0.08 0.04 <mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>.63 0.63 0.31<mic< td=""><td>.63 0.63 0.63</td><td>5.0 5.0 1.25<mic< td=""><td>.31 0.31 0.31</td><td>.25 1.25 0.63<mic< td=""><td>.25 1.25 0.63<mic< td=""><td>.63 0.63 0.31<mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 2.5<mic<< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<>	2.5 2.5 1.25 <mic< td=""><td>.63 0.63 0.31<mic< td=""><td>.63 0.63 0.63</td><td>5.0 5.0 1.25<mic< td=""><td>.31 0.31 0.31</td><td>.25 1.25 0.63<mic< td=""><td>.25 1.25 0.63<mic< td=""><td>.63 0.63 0.31<mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 2.5<mic<< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<>	.63 0.63 0.31 <mic< td=""><td>.63 0.63 0.63</td><td>5.0 5.0 1.25<mic< td=""><td>.31 0.31 0.31</td><td>.25 1.25 0.63<mic< td=""><td>.25 1.25 0.63<mic< td=""><td>.63 0.63 0.31<mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 2.5<mic<< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<>	.63 0.63 0.63	5.0 5.0 1.25 <mic< td=""><td>.31 0.31 0.31</td><td>.25 1.25 0.63<mic< td=""><td>.25 1.25 0.63<mic< td=""><td>.63 0.63 0.31<mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 2.5<mic<< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<>	.31 0.31 0.31	.25 1.25 0.63 <mic< td=""><td>.25 1.25 0.63<mic< td=""><td>.63 0.63 0.31<mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 2.5<mic<< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<>	.25 1.25 0.63 <mic< td=""><td>.63 0.63 0.31<mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 2.5<mic<< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<>	.63 0.63 0.31 <mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 2.5<mic<< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<>	2.5 2.5 1.25 <mic< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 2.5<mic<< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<<></td></mic<></td></mic<></td></mic<>	2.5 2.5 1.25 <mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 1.25<mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 2.5<mic<< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<<></td></mic<></td></mic<>	5.0 5.0 1.25 <mic< td=""><td>5.0 5.0 2.5<mic<< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<<></td></mic<>	5.0 5.0 2.5 <mic<< td=""><td>2.5 2.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<<>	2.5 2.5 >12.5	>12.5 ≥12.5	>12.5 >12.5	>12.5 >12.5
1x10° CFUML 1x10° CFUML 1x10° CFUML MIC MBC MIC MIC ~ 0.04 $\simeq 0.04$ $0.04<$ MIC ~ 0.04 < 0.04 $\simeq 0.04$ $0.04<$ MIC ~ 0.04 < 0.04 ~ 0.04 $0.04<$ MIC ~ 0.04 < 0.04 ~ 0.04 $0.04<$ MIC ~ 0.04 < 0.04 ~ 0.04 $0.04<$ MIC ~ 0.04 $< 0.031<$ $0.031 0.16<MIC \sim 0.031 < 0.31< 0.031 0.16 \sim 0.031 < 0.16<MIC 0.31 0.31< 0.16 < 0.031 < 0.16 0.31 0.31 0.31< 0.01 < 0.031 < 0.16 0.31 0.31 0.31 0.31 < 0.05 < 0.05 < 0.16 0.31 0.31 0.31 < 0.05 < 0.05 < 0.16 0.31 0.31 0.31 < 0.05 < 0.06 < 0.16 0.31 0.31$		=U/mL 1x10 ⁴	MBC MIC	3 0.08 0.04 <mic<0.< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2< td=""><td>1 0.31 0.31</td><td>3 0.63 0.31<mic<0.< td=""><td>2.5 0.31<mic<5< td=""><td>1 0.31 0.16<mic<0.< td=""><td>3 0.63 0.31<mic<1.< td=""><td>5 1.25 0.63<mic<1.< td=""><td>3 0.63 0.31<mic<0.< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2< td=""><td>5.0 1.25<mic<5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2< td=""><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 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1×10° CFU/m MIC < 0.04 < 0.04 0.63 <mic<1.25< th=""> 0.16<mic<0.31< th=""> 0.31<mic<0.63< th=""> 0.31<mic<0.63< th=""> 0.16<mic<0.31< th=""> 0.16<mic<0.31< th=""> 0.16<mic<0.31< th=""> 0.16<mic<0.31< th=""> 0.16<mic<2.5< th=""> 1.25<mic<2.5< th=""></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<2.5<></mic<0.31<></mic<0.31<></mic<0.31<></mic<0.31<></mic<0.63<></mic<0.63<></mic<0.31<></mic<1.25<>		IX10 ³ CFI	MBC MIC	≤0.04 0.04 <mic<0.08< td=""><td>1.25 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>0.31 0.16<mic<0.31< td=""><td>0.63 0.31<mic<0.63< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>0.31 0.16<mic<0.31< td=""><td>0.31 0.31</td><td>1.25 0.63<mic<1.25< td=""><td>0.31 0.31</td><td>1.25 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 2.5<mic<5.0< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<5.0<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<1.25<></td></mic<0.31<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<0.63<></td></mic<0.31<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<0.08<>	1.25 1.25 <mic<2.5< td=""><td>0.31 0.16<mic<0.31< td=""><td>0.63 0.31<mic<0.63< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>0.31 0.16<mic<0.31< td=""><td>0.31 0.31</td><td>1.25 0.63<mic<1.25< td=""><td>0.31 0.31</td><td>1.25 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 2.5<mic<5.0< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<5.0<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<1.25<></td></mic<0.31<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<0.63<></td></mic<0.31<></td></mic<2.5<>	0.31 0.16 <mic<0.31< td=""><td>0.63 0.31<mic<0.63< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>0.31 0.16<mic<0.31< td=""><td>0.31 0.31</td><td>1.25 0.63<mic<1.25< td=""><td>0.31 0.31</td><td>1.25 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 2.5<mic<5.0< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<5.0<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<1.25<></td></mic<0.31<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<0.63<></td></mic<0.31<>	0.63 0.31 <mic<0.63< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>0.31 0.16<mic<0.31< td=""><td>0.31 0.31</td><td>1.25 0.63<mic<1.25< td=""><td>0.31 0.31</td><td>1.25 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 2.5<mic<5.0< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<5.0<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<1.25<></td></mic<0.31<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<0.63<>	2.5 1.25 <mic<2.5< td=""><td>0.31 0.16<mic<0.31< td=""><td>0.31 0.31</td><td>1.25 0.63<mic<1.25< td=""><td>0.31 0.31</td><td>1.25 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 2.5<mic<5.0< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<5.0<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<1.25<></td></mic<0.31<></td></mic<2.5<>	0.31 0.16 <mic<0.31< td=""><td>0.31 0.31</td><td>1.25 0.63<mic<1.25< td=""><td>0.31 0.31</td><td>1.25 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 2.5<mic<5.0< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<5.0<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<1.25<></td></mic<0.31<>	0.31 0.31	1.25 0.63 <mic<1.25< td=""><td>0.31 0.31</td><td>1.25 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 2.5<mic<5.0< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<5.0<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<1.25<>	0.31 0.31	1.25 1.25 <mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 2.5<mic<5.0< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<5.0<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<>	2.5 1.25 <mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 2.5<mic<5.0< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<5.0<></td></mic<2.5<>	2.5 2.5 <mic<5.0< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<5.0<>	2.5 1.25 <mic<2.5< td=""><td>2.5 1.25<mic<2.5< td=""><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<2.5<></td></mic<2.5<>	2.5 1.25 <mic<2.5< td=""><td>>12.5 ≥12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td><td>>12.5 >12.5</td></mic<2.5<>	>12.5 ≥12.5	>12.5 >12.5	>12.5 >12.5
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EB1129, EB1109, EB1099, EB1779 and EB71 were the most active (p < 0.05); however, the RCHCl₂ fractions from extracts EB869, EB1383, EB631 and EB1673 showed activity similar to that observed with 1% CHX. The RCHCl₃ fractions obtained from extracts EB1493 and EB271 did not show significant activity (p<0.05). Finally, all RBuOH fractions but the one obtained from EB271 showed more significant or equal antibacterial activity compared to 0.12% CHX, a concentration commonly used in mouth rinses. Table 1 also shows results obtained from the analysis of the RBuOH fractions obtained from the active extracts. One-way ANOVA and Tukey post-test indicated that only the RBuOH fraction obtained from EB271 showed significant antibacterial activity (p<0.05) compared with 0.12% CHX and 1% CHX. None of the fractions showed better activity than 2% CHX. The RBuOH fractions obtained from EB272 and EB1673 showea antibacterial activity similar to 0.12% CHX (p>0.05). None of the other fractions had significant activity compared with the three dilutions of CHX. Microdilution broth assay was performed on all seventeen extracts to determine the MICs and MBCs against S. mutans in bacterial suspensions prepared at 1×10^{2} , 1×10^{3} , 1×10^{4} , 1×10^{5} , 1×10^{6} and 1×10^{7} CFU/mL. Extracts were ranked (Table 2) according to their efficacy in bacterial growth inhibition and were considered efficient if their MBC≤0.31 mg/ mL. Based on this parameter, EB1493 was the only extract that hsa significant MIC and MBC (0.08 mg/ mL<MIC<0.16 mg/mL and MBC=0.16 mg/mL) using a *S. mutans* suspension at 1×10^7 CFU/mL. EB1493 was obtained from aerial organs of Ipomoea alba L. (Convolvulaceae, Figure 1). According to the Clinical Laboratory Standards Institute parameters (2003), MIC values are supposed to be obtained at bacterial concentration of 1x10⁵ CFU/mL. When the results are analyzed with this approach, shown in Table 2, EB1493 showed the best activity (0.04 mg/mL<MIC<0.016 mg/mL and MBC=0.16 mg/ mL), followed by EB1099 and EB1779 (0.31 mg/ mL<MIC<0.63 mg/mL and MBC's=0.63 mg/mL) and EB869 (0.31 mg/mL<MIC<0.63 mg/mL and MBC=2.5 mg/mL).

The antioxidant activity of all extracts and their fractions was also determined (Table 1). Antioxidant activity was found in the RBuOH fraction from extracts EB71, EB631, EB1673 and EB1933, in the RH₂O fraction from extracts EB1109 and EB1383, in both the RBuOH and RH₂O fractions from extracts EB271, EB272 and EB1343, and in the RH₂O and RDMSO fractions from extract EB1539. Only nine of the original 17 extract fractions showed antioxidant activity, and these were concentrated mainly in the RBuOH and RH₂O fractions. None of the FMW fractions showed antibacterial activity, and only six RBuOH fractions, originating from extracts EB271,

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EB272, EB631, EB1343, EB1673 and EB1933, showed both antibacterial and antioxidant activities. Finally, the RBuOH fractions obtained from extracts EB271, EB272 and EB1673 were active against *S. mutans* in the DDM assay and showed antioxidant activity.

DISCUSSION

Brazil is the richest country in the world in terms of biodiversity, and its forests can be considered a potential source of new products for use as antimicrobial agents in Dentistry. A high-throughput screening-like (HTS) approach was chosen to determine the antibacterial activity of over 2,000 plant extracts against *Streptococcus mutans*³⁰. Seventeen out of 2,000 plant extracts were active against the bacteria (0.85% yield).

The extracts that were the most active in the DDM assay were EB271, obtained from the leaves of C. spruceana, and EB1129, obtained from the aerial organs of Psychotria sp. (Rubiaceae). After fractionation, the RBuOH fraction obtained from EB271 showed antibacterial activity in the DDM assay and showed the presence of antioxidant compounds. No pharmacological studies have been conducted on *C. spruceana*, but species belonging to the genus Casearia are well documented as C. sylvestris. The Clerodane diterpenoids named casearins A-F were isolated from C. sylvestris¹², and, since then, many authors have demonstrated different pharmacological or biological properties related to this group of compounds, including antitumor activity¹², antiulcer activity², anti-snake²² and anti-bee³ venoms, antiplasmodial activity²⁴, anti-inflammatory activity⁶ and anti-hyperlipidemic activity²³. The antibacterial activity observed in the RBuOH fraction of EB271 may indicate a possible effect related to intermediate-polar or polar substances, substantiating the antibacterial activity observed in the EB272 extract, which is an aqueous extract obtained from the same leaves used to obtain the organic extract EB271.

EB1129 also showed interesting activity in the DDM assay, and its RCHCl₃ fraction showed the best activity against *S. mutans* of all the tested fractions. No antioxidant activity was observed for EB1129 or its fractions. One of the main chemical groups expected to be found in *Psychotria* are alkaloids from the indole⁷ and cyclotide⁹ groups. Psychoactive dimethyltryptamin was isolated from the ayahuasca Amazon plant *Psychotria viridis*²⁸. Psychollatine, a monoterpene indole alkaloid, was isolated from *P. umbellata* and was verified to present an opioid-like analgesic effect, as well as antioxidant, antimutagenic, anxiolytic, antidepressant and antipsychotic activities in rodents.

Extracts that showed the best results in the

DDM assay differed from those with the best results in MBA. All of the extracts were tested at concentrations of 200 mg/mL in the DDM assay, whereas the same extracts were tested at concentrations 16 to 5,000 times more dilute in MBA. Presumably, the difference in concentration is one of the reasons for the different results, but it may also be related to the sensitivity of each assay or to the chemical composition of the extracts, as discussed elsewhere.

Only the extract EB1493, obtained from the aerial organs of *Ipomoea alba* L. (Convolvulaceae), showed antibacterial activity in MBA. *I. alba* has not been well studied in terms of its chemical constituents or pharmacological activity. The use of its latex was revealed in 1999¹¹. Sweet potato is one of the species belonging to the *Ipomoea* genus. Clavine alkaloids occur in *I. muricata*¹⁵, as do ipobscurines that are macrolactam-type indole alkaloids¹³, and alkaloids occur in some toxic species, as in *I. carnea*¹⁰. Other compounds, such as anthocyanins²⁵ and polyphenolic compounds¹⁴, also occur in *Ipomoea* species.

Seventeen out of over 2,000 Brazilian Amazon plant extracts have been identified as potential anti-*Streptococcal* agents. Extracts and their fractions showed significant antibacterial activity against microorganisms involved in caries, which is one of the most important infectious diseases around the world, particularly in developing countries. These extracts represent the most important breakthrough in the development of new pharmacological weapons for Dentistry based on the biodiversity found in the Amazon rain forest.

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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