Resposta / Reply

Vidal Haddad Junior

To the Editor of the Anais Brasileiros de Dermatologia:

I appreciate the answer to my letter and submit the justifications for my suggestions in the form of a response to the authors, restating that this discussion is very valuable and brings new information to the readers of the journal.

1. The term "attack" is not dramatic. It is incorrect. As I previously mentioned, there is no attack of cnidarians. The term "demonizes" the animal, which is not good. I recognize that the occurrences are really dramatic, especially when accidents with children are involved, but there are no attacks and the term should not be used. The tentacles of the animal are used to catch fish. In about 500 accidents by cnidarians, I have never seen one with characteristics of an attack.

2. I acknowledge the excellent literature research conducted by the authors. However, there is some old information and not everything that is said has been proven effective. As a result, it is complicated to disseminate this information to the entire dermatological society. If we do not have any resources available at the site of the accident, it is better not to do anything, since some actions mentioned in the article may aggravate the injury. It was in this sense that I recommended the website. Although it is directed to the general public, it offers proper first aid measures which are currently accepted. The website can also be useful for physicians because these measures are the only ones that exist in Brazil (as previously mentioned, there is no antivenom serum). As for steroids, their use is restricted to chronic allergic reactions, something complex and rarely seen.

Yours sincerely,

Haddad Junior Vidal
UNESP / Butantan Institute

Resposta / Reply

Maria do Carmo Araújo Palmeira Queiroz

In view of the recent comments made by Dr. Vidal Haddad Jr:

First, according to the dictionary "Aurélio século XXI": Attack: the act or effect of attacking; assail; assail. Accident: casual, fortuitous or unexpected event. Therefore, we understand that there are different interpretations, but not incorrections.

Second, with regard to the use of corticosteroids, they are used when the initial measures are insufficient and the patient continues to present with edema, erythema, pain/discomfort at the site of injury, such as the case in which, after the introduction of prednicarbate cream, there was total regression of the clinical signs and symptoms.

We would like to thank Dr. Vidal Haddad Jr. once again for his interventions and corrections. We respect his authority as an international expert on the subject. Every scientific discussion fosters great learning.

Yours sincerely,

Maria do Carmo Queiroz Araújo Palmeira
Dermatologist of the Hospital Universitário Onofre Lopes (Onofre Lopes University Hospital), Federal University of Rio Grande do Norte. Full member of the Brazilian Society of Dermatology.

Juliana Nascimento de Andrade Rabelo Caldas
Dermatologist. Full member of the Brazilian Society of Dermatology.