Darkening of white hair in Parkinson’s disease during use of levodopa rich Mucuna pruriens extract powder

Escurecimento do cabelo branco na doença de Parkinson durante tratamento com extrato em pó de Mucuna pruriens rico em levodopa

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An 85-year-old patient with stable Parkinson’s disease (PD), treated with levodopa/carbidopa 250/25 mg tid. During a follow-up visit, it was noticed that her temporal white hair was getting progressively darker (Figure), starting after introduction of Mucuna pruriens extract (MPE) at a dose equivalent to 1000 mg of levodopa/day. Hair and beard darkening was recognized as a complication of treatment with levodopa in PD since its earliest introduction.¹ DOPA/dopamine are intermediate metabolites in the production of melanin, therefore, this association is not surprising. After the addition of decarboxylase inhibitors, this phenomenon, probably related to peripheral effects of levodopa, became strikingly rare.

References


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