SYSTEMATICS, MORPHOLOGY AND PHYSIOLOGY

New Species in the Genus *Anastrepha* (Diptera: Tephritidae) from Brazil

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**Nova Espécie do Gênero *Anastrepha* (Diptera: Tephritidae) no Brasil**


PALAVRAS-CHAVE: Insecta, mosca-das-frutas, descrição, grupo *punctata*, *morvasi*.

**ABSTRACT** – *Anastrepha morvasi* n. sp. is described based on female specimens collected in McPhail traps in a fruit fly survey conducted in Vacaria, State of Rio Grande do Sul. Description, diagnosis and illustrations are provided and a diagnostic key to the species of the *punctata* group, including *A. morvasi* n. sp., is also presented.

**KEY WORDS**: Insecta, fruit fly, description, *punctata* group, *morvasi*.

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*Anastrepha morvasi* Uramoto & Zucchi n. sp.


**Description. Female.** Mostly yellowish, bristles golden, microtrichia yellowish. **Head**: yellowish except for blackish ocellar tubercle; ocellar bristles small; orbital bristles developed; three pairs of frontal bristles. **Thorax** (Fig. 1): Mesonotum 2.10-2.35 mm long; scutum 1.6-1.8 mm long, entirely covered by yellowish microtrichia; mostly yellowish with a pair of dark brown circular spots close to the posterior margin of scutum; pleura uniformly yellowish; katepisternal bristles much more slender than outer vertical bristles; subscutellum and mediotergite totally yellowish.

**Wings** (Fig. 2): Length 5.4 mm; bands yellow to light brown; C-band completely separated from S-band; V-band complete and connected to S-band; vein R₂+₃ slightly sinuous; vein M slightly curved apically, not reach-
ing S-band; section of vein M between bm-cu and r-m veins 2.38 times as long as section between r-m and dm-cu; cell bm hyaline. **Abdomen:** tergites uniformly yellowish, 2.02 mm long; syntergosternite 7 1.42 mm long and 0.75 mm wide at the level of spiracles. **Terminalia** (Figs. 3a, 3b): aculeus 0.79 mm long and 0.066-0.067 mm wide; aculeus tip 0.085-0.088 mm long; serrate part of aculeus 0.076-0.079 mm long with teeth almost imperceptible in more than half of the length of tip.

**Diagnosis.** *Anastrepha morvasi* is characterized mainly by the length of the aculeus (<1 mm) and by the presence of circular brown spots on the posterior margin of scutum. It is distinct from species of the *punctata* group, which also have a pair of posterior brown spots on the scutum (Norrbom 1985), for presenting a shorter and wider aculeus (approx. 0.07 mm wide in this species and less than 0.04 in the species of the *punctata* group).


**Host.** Unknown

**Male.** Unknown

**Distribution.** Known only from the type locality

**Etymology.** The species is named after Prof. João Stenghel Morgante and Prof. Aldo Malavasi (Instituto de Biociências/Universidade de São Paulo) in recognition of their invaluable contributions to the study of fruit flies in Brazil. The specific name is a noun in apposition based on their surnames.
Figure 2. Wing. _A. morvași_ n. sp.
Discussion. The specimens of *A. morvasi* were collected in traps in native vegetation and in an apple orchard in Vacaria, RS. Only three females of *A. morvasi* were collected out of more than 9,000 individuals of *Anastrepha* spp. examined in a three year survey using plastic McPhail traps. This species can be easily distinguished from other species collected in the study area (Kovaleski et al. 1996), including the species of the *punctata* group. Probably *A. morvasi* n. sp. belongs to *punctata* group, which is characterized by

1- Mesonotum less than 3.5 mm long ................................................................. 2  
1'- Mesonotum more than 3.5 mm long ....................................................... sp. nr. *luederwaldti*  
2 - Posterior scutal spots dark brown; syntergosternite 7 less than 2.8 mm long .......... 3  
2'- Posterior scutal spots faint brown; syntergosternite 7 about 3.0 mm long ... *luederwaldti* Lima  
3 - Syntergosternite 7 more than 2.3 mm long .............................................. *aczeli* Blanchard  
3'- Syntergosternite 7 less than 2.0 mm long ......................................................... 4  
4 - Aculeus longer than 1.3 mm, V-band and S-band separated ................. *punctata* Hendel  
4' - Aculeus shorter than 1 mm, V-band and S-band fused ......................... *morvasi* n. sp.
having male genitalia with surstyli obliquely oriented, strongly curved and blunt in lateral view (Norrbom 1985). However, as males are unknown, this new species cannot be assigned to punctata group reliably. The diagnostic key of Norrbom (1985) that includes the species related to A. morvasi, can be modified as follows:

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References Cited


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