Penile herpes zoster: an unusual location for a common disease

ABSTRACT

Herpes zoster is a common dermatological condition which affects up to 20% of the population, most frequently involving the thoracic and facial dermatomes with sacral lesions occurring rarely and only a few reported cases of penile shingles. Case report: We report two cases of unusual penile clinical presentations of varicella zoster virus infection in immunocompetent men. The patients presented with grouped clusters of vesicles and erythema on the left side of penile shaft and posterior aspect of the left thigh and buttock, involving S2-S4 dermatomes. The lesions resolved quickly upon administration of oral antiviral therapy. Conclusion: Penile herpes zoster should not be overlooked in patients with unilateral vesicular rash.

Keywords: herpes zoster; penis neuralgia; postherpetic.

Two immunocompetent patients referred to Venereology Department of Institute for Skin Diseases, complaining on vesicular penile rash.

A 30-year-old man presented with rash in the groin which appeared five days before referral. The patient denied any constitutional symptoms as well as prodromal symptoms of pain or burning but did report itching in the affected area. Physical examination showed herpetic clusters of hemorrhagic vesicles and pustules on an erythematous base distributed on the left side of penile shaft and posterior aspect of the left thigh (Figures 1 and 2). Hematological, biochemical and urine analysis were within normal limits. A 7-day course of acyclovir (800 mg five times a day) was initiated. The course of the disease remained uncomplicated and the lesions healed without sequelae.

The second patient, a 72-year-old man presented with vesicular rash in the groin that developed approximately one week before he sought medical attention. The lesions were accompanied with severe pain along the S2-S4 dermatomes without constitutional symptoms of fever, headache or malaise. Physical examination showed clusters of blisters on an erythematous base mostly filled with hemorrhagic fluid, distributed on the penile shaft and left buttock (Figures 3 and 4), without regional lymphadenopathy. He denied any...
is the most frequently reported complication, and risk factors include older age, more severe acute pain and greater rash severity.\textsuperscript{4} Our patient with post-herpetic neuralgia was of older age and had type II diabetes, compared to an otherwise healthy younger patient with acute penile zoster without pain.

Bladder dysfunction and urinary retention have been reported in patients with sacral herpes zoster\textsuperscript{5} but were absent in the cases presented herein. Penile herpes zoster should not be overlooked in patients with unilateral vesicular rash.

REFERENCES