Errata

No artigo Cuidado e consanguinidade na atribuição de responsabilidades intergeracionais, de Sabrina Finamori, com número de DOI: 10.1590/0103-335220151809, publicado no periódico Revista Brasileira de Ciência Política, número 18, pp. 243-263, na página 243:

Onde se lia:
“Care and inbreeding in the allocation of intergenerational responsibilities”

leia-se:
“Care and consanguinity in the allocation of intergenerational responsibilities”.

Na página 263, onde se lia:

Abstract

In Brazil, DNA testing has been crucial for the legal validation of parenthood. It is also based on that validation that fathers’ duty to care for their children can be established, both in terms of financial provision and moral and affective obligations. Beyond the legal dimension, however, care, in its multiple meanings, can be a major reference for how parents and children measure and justify their own rights and obligations. Based on cases of testing that had great impact in the media, the purpose of this article is to analyze how inbreeding and care practices are mutually implicated and can be mobilized in different ways when allocating responsibilities and claiming rights associated with kinship.
Abstract
In Brazil, DNA testing has been crucial for the legal validation of parenthood. It is also based on that validation that fathers’ duty to care for their children can be established, both in terms of financial provision and moral and affective obligations. Beyond the legal dimension, however, care, in its multiple meanings, can be a major reference for how parents and children measure and justify their own rights and obligations. Based on cases of testing that had great impact in the media, the purpose of this article is to analyze how consanguinity and care practices are mutually implicated and can be mobilized in different ways when allocating responsibilities and claiming rights associated with kinship.