The Brazilian Society of Cerebrovascular Diseases – history

Sociedade Brasileira de Doencas Cerebrovasculares - histórico

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ABSTRACT

The present article provides the historical background of the Sociedade Brasileira de Doenças Cerebrovasculares (Brazilian Society for Cerebrovascular Diseases), including details on its function, structure, challenges and main achievements.

Keywords: Stroke; history; societies, scientific; neurology.

RESUMO

O presente texto apresenta um relato histórico da Sociedade Brasileira de Doenças Cerebrovasculares, incluindo detalhes da sua fundação, estruturação, dificuldades e principais realizações.

Palavras-chave: Acidente vascular cerebral; história; sociedades científicas; neurologia.

The Sociedade Brasileira de Doenças Cerebrovasculares (SBDCV) encompasses the Scientific Department of Cerebrovascular Diseases of the Brazilian Academy of Neurology (ABN), and is, therefore, the body that represents specialists in cerebrovascular diseases in Brazil.

The SBDCV was spawned from the Working Group in Cerebrovascular Pathology of the ABN, the name formerly used by the ABN to group scholars of different subspecialties. These working groups are now referred to as Scientific Departments, whose mission it is to foster scientific development and help organize Brazilian Neurology meetings.

BEGINNINGS

The Cerebrovascular Diseases Working Group was set up in 1982, under the leadership of Prof. Dr. Roberto Melaragno Filho, an eminent neurologist deeply involved with cerebrovascular diseases. Professor Melaragno was tasked with the initial structuring of the group of neurologists interested in cerebrovascular diseases. This working group had the following coordinators, with two-year tenures:

1982-1984 Roberto Melaragno Filho 1984-1986 Sylvio Saraiva

Rubens José Gagliardi (D) https://orcid.org/0000-0002-3497-0174

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1986-1988 Sylvio Saraiva 1988-1990 Roberto Melaragno Filho 1990-1992 José Ivan Cipoli Ribeiro 1992-1994 Rubens José Gagliardi

The working group was active but the need for greater involvement of specialists became clear. Few neurologists were interested in cerebrovascular diseases and the level of communication and tasks was lower than we wished. We recognized the need to solidify studies of cerebrovascular

diseases; we needed to be more connected and to encourage neurologists to join our working group.

Creation of the SBDCV

Early in 1994, the board of the working group established new directions, widening the scope of the working group, and proposed setting up the SBDCV to address the above-mentioned challenges. Initially, all members of the ABN were sent a letter (Figure 1) about the creation of the SBDCV, informing them that this would be part of the Cerebrovascular Diseases

SOCIEDADE BRASILEIRA DE DOENÇAS CÉREBRO-VASCULARES

Prezado colega,

O Grupo de Trabalho em Patologia Vascular Cerebral da Academia Brasileira de Neurologia, visando melhor definição de seus propósitos e maior facilidade de comunicação entre os neurologistas brasileiros e as entidades congêneres internacionais, optou por assumir nova identidade, passando a ser chamada de Sociedade Brasileira de Doenças Cérebro-Vascular.

Esta nova Sociedade terá como objetivos prioritários agregar os colegas que se interessam pelo estudo destas doenças, facilitar e agilizar o intercâmbio de informações nesta área da neurologia, divulgar pesquisas, apoiar estudos multicêntricos e manter contato com as principais sociedades internacionais de "stroke". Isto permitirá melhor conhecimento do trabalho que está sendo desenvolvido em nosso meio e das nossas necessidades e/ ou deficiências. Permitirá também acesso mais rápido às pesquisas estrangeiras e abrirá um canal que poderá facilitar a participação de trabalhos brasileiros em publicações ou congressos do setor.

A Sociedade Brasileira de Doenças Cérebro-Vasculares será o grupo de trabalho de Patologia Vascular Cerebral, um órgão da Academia Brasileira de Neurologia que acompanhará as determinações e normas comuns aos grupos de trabalho. Com isto, ficará mais fácil o contato com todos os neurologistas e a divulgação conjunta de informações. Pretenderá editar periodicamente boletins, ("newsletter") acompanhando uma tendência das congêneres internacionais, onde se dará énfase as pesquisas em andamento, programações científicas, textos de ordem genérica e assuntos gerais pertinentes à área. Realizará ou patrocinará simpósios ou "meetings", para atualização e reciclagem.

Caso o colega se interesse pela área e queira pertencer ativamente à Sociedade, escreva para a Academia Brasileira de Neurologia, (Al. Raja Gabaglia, 235 CEP 04551-000 São Paulo, SP). A/C da SBDCV, solicitando a sua inscrição provisória e nós remeteremos uma cópia dos estatutos e maiores informações. Enviem também sugestões, que serão muito bem vindas e estudadas.

Esperamos que esta Sociedade venha a ocupar o espaço que lhe é reservado e cumpra os seus propósitos. O seu futuro depende de todos nós.

Abraços.

coordenador do grupo de trabalho de patologia vascular cerebral

Figure 1. Letter to the members of Brazilian Academy of Neurology.

Ata da assembleia geral de constituição da SOCIEDADE BRASILEIRA DE DOENÇAS CEREBROVASCULARES, poplicada no día 16 de setumbro de 1.996

No dia decessois de setembro do ano de mil novocentos e novento e seis, as 18:00 horas, no reciario de XVII Congresso Brasileiro de Neurologia (reunião dos grupos de trabalho da ABN), em Caritiba, rounizase em assembléia geral de constituição e fundação os senhores sucuéros fundadores da SOCIEDADE BRASILEIRA DE DOKNÇAS CERCOBROVASCULARES-SUDCO

Assumin a presidência do trabalho, pôr aclamação umanime, o senhor Dr. RUBENS JOSÉ GAGLIARDI, brasileiro, casado, médico, CPF nº 570.136.168-34 e Cédulo de Identidade nº.3.780.273, residente e domiciliado 2 R. Barão de Boarina, nº 102 8º andar, Bairro do Paramitos, na cidade de São Poulo, Estado de São Poulo, considendo a mim Dr. AYRTON ROBERTO MASSARO, brasileiro, casado, médico, CPF nº 075.677.438-17 e Cédulo de Edundado nº.10.784.267, residente o domiciliado á Rua Ragá, nº 139 Apto. 143, beirro de Vila Mariana, CEP 19012-140, na cidade de São Poulo, para socretariar a sessão, o que aceiroi.

Figure 2. Registry of constitution.

CAPITULO II DAS FINALIDADES

Artigo 94°

 Serão suas finalidades:- É o grupo de trabalho em patologia vascular corebral da ABN o acompanhará todas as normas dos GT da ABN

Os propósitos desta Sociedade São:

- Agregar, sob as normas da ABN, todos es interessados no estudo das doenças corobrovas culares.
- b Promover e encorajar a divulgação de pesquisas, trabalhos, eventos ou qualquer noticia de interesse na área das doenços cerebrovasculares.
- c Colaborar em pesquisas da área.
- d Promover o aprimoramento técnico e científico.
- e Montar e manter atualizado um banco de dados Nacional, que traduza a nessa realidade dentro destas dacaças
- f Manter contato constante com as congêneres internacionais, visando a troca de informações, aprimoramento e participação em estudos multicêntricos mundinis.
- g Promover atividades de orientações para leigos,
- h Batabolecor contato com órgãos Públicos visando elaborar on incrementar estrutégias para prevenção / destas doenças.

Figure 3. Proposal.

Working Group, contribute to the ABN and comply with all regulatory rules. The beginning of 1994 marked the actual founding date of the SBDCV, while the society was formally instituted on the September 16, 1996, following its registration at the notary public office (Figure 2) and approval of the decision on

its constitution at the Annual General Meeting of the working group held in Curitiba during the XVIII Brazilian Congress of Neurology. At this time, a call to all ABN members was made. At the AGM, the articles of incorporation, and the setting out of the main objectives of the SBDCV, were approved (Figure 3).

Another important discussion at the meeting was the analysis of the best name for the disease, since some advocated "encephalic vascular accident" as opposed to "cerebrovascular accident"; the meeting elected the best terminology to be: "cerebrovascular accident", as this was more widely recognized and used.

Challenges and support

Although the articles of incorporation state that the SBDCV would be the working group of the ABN, abide by its regulations and would evolve within the ABN, there were reservations on the part of the ABN involving concerns over separate growth of the SBDCV and its consequent distancing from the ABN. This was not the intention of the new society, yet this concern almost led to the demise of this fledgling association. At the time, there was pivotal support from Professor Antonio Spina-França Neto, a former president of the ABN and one of the most respected neurologists, who backed the continuation of this idea. Professor Sérgio Novis then also supported the idea of setting up the SBDCV, which took shape little by little.

Directors of the SBDCV

The management boards of the SBDCV, from its founding to the present day, have had the following presidents:

1996-2000 Rubens José Gagliardi 2000-2004 Cesar Noronha Raffin 2004-2006 Jorge El Kadum Noujaim 2006-2008 Aroldo Luiz S. Bacellar 2008-2010 Gabriel Rodriguez de Freitas 2010-2012 Jamary Oliveira-Filho 2012-2104 Sheila Cristina O. Martins 2014-2016 Gisele Sampaio Silva 2016-2018 Octávio Marques Pontes-Neto

Main actions of the SBDCV

The SBDCV has carried out a range of activities, with key actions including: national consensus, congresses, teaching books, collaborative national and international studies, and the heading of campaigns on awareness, prevention and rehabilitation of stroke in Brazil.

The first communication disseminated by the SBDCV was the publication in the form of a four-monthly information release called the "Newsletter", starting in January 2004, and containing abstracts of studies and research, local and international news, congresses, opinions of colleagues, etc. This initial milestone was fundamental for the ABN and SBDCV and prompted other publications, including those in other neurology subspecialties.

A number of book titles were released, under the SBDCV, on topics such as: cardiovascular diseases, management approaches; approaches in the acute phase of stroke, and Stroke Brazil.

Congresses of the SBDCV

The Annual General Meeting of the ABN in Curitiba (1996) approved the holding of the biannual Brazilian Congress on Cerebrovascular Diseases. It was decided to hold the first congress in São Paulo, November 13-15, 1997, in which 426 delegates took part, including eight overseas invitees. This represented a strong foundation and provided encouragement for further events, which have been held regularly ever since. To date, the following congresses have been held:

1st Congress, 1997: São Paulo (SP) Chair: Rubens José Gagliardi 2nd Congress, 1999: Caldas Novas (GO) Chair: Sebastião Eurico Melo-Souza 3rd Congress, 2001: Rio de Janeiro (RJ) Chair: Jorge El-Kadum Noujaim 4th Congress, 2003: Porto Alegre (RS) Chair: Sérgio Roberto Haussen 5th Congress, 2005: Salvador (BA) Chair: Aroldo Luiz S. Bacellar 6th Congress: 2007 Joinville (SC) Chair: Alexandre Luiz Longo 7th Congress, 2009: Vitoria (ES) Chair: Cesar Noronha Raffin 8th Congress, 2011: Gramado (RS) Chair: Maurício Friedrich 9th Congress, 2013: Fortaleza (CE) Chair João José Freitas de Carvalho 10th Congress, 2015: Belo Horizonte (MG)

Chair: Romeu Vale Sant'Anna 11th Congress, 2017 Salvador (BA) Chair: Bruno Bacellar Pedreira

These congresses have contributed greatly to the increase in study of cerebrovascular diseases in Brazil, promoting education on stroke, information exchange, the dissemination of studies and awards, recognition and elucidation of the current situation in Brazil, contribution of guidelines, among other positive outcomes. In this segment of activities, another major event promoted by the SBDCV was the securing of the World Stroke Congress for Brazil in 2012. This represented a concerted effort by a group of colleagues. The congress was held in Brasilia on October 10-13, 2012. It was chaired by Dr. Ayrton Massaro (Brazil) and Dr. Bo Norving (Sweden), and the local organizing committee comprised the following specialists: Elza Dias Tosta, Sheila Cristina O. Martins, Cesar Noronha Raffin, Linamara Rizzo Batistela and Rubens José Gagliardi. This event, besides technical advancement, allowed the dissemination of information about our society at an international level.

Consensus and guidelines of the SBDCV

Another highly-important activity performed by the SBDCV is the devising of "Consensus" and "Guidelines".



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Geneva, 15 December 2011

Dear Shella, Jamary and Gabriel,

On behalf of the World Stroke Organization (WSO), we would like to congratulate you for being selected as the First Place/Gold Prize recipient of the World Stroke Day 2011 Awards. We were impressed with how you were able to mobilize communities through education and media. In particular, we would like to commend you for the innovative partnerships that you were able to cultivate with the Ministry of Health and with local soccer teams.

A certificate of recognition will be given to you at the Opening Ceremony of the World Stroke Congress in Brasilia on the evening of 10 October 2012. In this regard, we would be grateful if there could be someone who can accept the WSO prize on behalf of your association. Moreover, the International Journal of Stroke (US) may also want to have a phone interview with you in the coming months. The interview may be featured in one of the upcoming US issues. For your information, the other World Stroke Day 2011 laureates are:

→ Second Place/Silver Award

Neeman Association for Stroke Survivors - Israel

→ Third Place/Bronze Award Mongolian Stroke Association

Should you have questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to get in contact with JJ Divino, Senior Campaigns Officer, at WSO Secretariat in Geneva.

Thank you for your dedication and commitment to fighting stroke and your continued innovation in stroke awareness.

Yours sincerely,

Bo Norrying, MD, PhD President World Stroke Organization Markku Kaste, MD, PhD, FAHA, FESO

World Stroke Organization

Chairperson, World Stroke Campaign

WORLD STROKE ORGANIZATION

C/o Kones International, 1-3 rue de Charrispoulet, P.O. Box 1726, CH-1211 Geneva 1, Switzerland Telt. = 41 22 906 91 66, Page =41 22 732 28 50, E-mail: admin/Divorld-stroke.org, membership/Divorld-stroke.org Website: www.world-stoke.org



So far, a total of eight consensus and guidelines have been produced and published in the journal Arquivos de Neuro-Psiquiatria¹⁻⁸:

Treatment of the acute phase of ischemic stroke - 20011 Thrombolysis in stroke – 2002²

Neuroprotection in stroke – 2005^3

Treating carotid disease in the acute phase of stroke - 20054 Management of the acute phase of hemorrhagic stroke - 20095

Treatment of the acute phase of ischemic stroke. Part $I - 2012^6$

Treatment of the acute phase of ischemic stroke. Part II – 2012⁷

Endovascular treatment (mechanical thrombectomy) – 20178

Stroke prevention programs

One of the purposes of the SBDCV is to raise the awareness in the lay public of the importance of recognizing a stroke, risks of having a stroke, how to prevent it and how to proceed in the event of a stroke. This has been achieved via talks for the public and publications, but mainly through participation in the "World Stroke Day" campaign9. This is an international activity coordinated by the World Stroke Organization, in which the SBDCV is engaged and coordinates nationally. This has been held annually, uninterrupted, since 2005, in different cities in Brazil. The campaign in Brazil has proven to be a huge success. In 2011, the SBDCV-ABN won first place in the World Stroke Day Awards and ranked second in 2009, 2012 and 2015. The letter sent by Dr. Stephen Davis, President of the World Stroke Organization to Dr. Sheila Martins, who headed the national campaign in 2011, can be seen in Figure 4.

Contributions to the Brazilian Ministry of Health and to the Federal Board of Medicine

Given its main objectives of prevention and proper treatment of stroke in Brazil, since its founding, the SBDCV has worked with the Brazilian government to collaborate in the implementation of regulations and actions on this front. We were involved in the drafting of numerous important regulations, including those on guidelines for diagnosing brain death¹⁰, line of care in stroke¹¹, rulings 664 and 665 on thrombosis, and on the establishment of stroke units^{12,13}. Another conquest was the inclusion of neurologists in the group of interventionists.

In parallel, the SBDCV has played an active role in lobbying for improved public healthcare for stroke patients in Brazil¹⁴.

Other activities

There are several groups that have been working on providing new data on the epidemiology of stroke in Brazil. Dr. Norberto Cabral is one of the leading members of this group, with important contributions. His papers have contributed to a better understanding of the social disparities of our stroke patients, and the alerting of the International Stroke Society.

The relationship with the Ministry of Health began in 2008, with Dr. Sheila Cristina O. Martins as the lead person. She has made major contributions to improving stroke awareness among politicians and the Brazilian population, as well as fostering the inclusion of tPA as treatment of acute ischemic stroke by the National Healthcare System of Brazil.

Transcranial Doppler ultrasonography has a leading person in the country. Dr. Viviane Zétola has made several contributions, including the certification of neurologists to perform the technique.

The inclusion of intensive care as an area closely connected to cerebrovascular diseases in the Society has been an important achievement. Drs. Jamary Oliveira-Filho and Gisele Sampaio Silva are two major leaders who have helped in this approach.

FINAL COMMENTS

This article outlines some of the SBDCV's activities and its path to success, which have contributed to further studying of cerebrovascular diseases in Brazil, and consolidated our position in relation to international organizations. The journey of the SBDCV will be long-lasting and ongoing, given the collaboration of renowned colleagues and the new values they bring to the Society. The SBDCV shall continue to grow, while maintaining its important role in national and international Neurology.

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