

## Natural products inhibitors of the enzyme acetylcholinesterase

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*Revisão*

**RESUMO:** “Produtos naturais inibidores da enzima acetilcolinesterase”. A Doença de Alzheimer (DA) é uma patologia neurodegenerativa, progressiva, que afeta principalmente a população idosa, responsável por 50-60% dos casos de demência em pessoas com mais de 65 anos de idade. Os principais sintomas associados à DA envolvem deficiência orgânica cognitiva, principalmente perda de memória. Outras características associadas com os estágios avançados de DA incluem déficit na linguagem, depressão, problemas de comportamento, inclusive agitação, alterações de humor e psicose. Um dos mais promissores caminhos para tratar esta doença é aumentar o nível de acetilcolina no cérebro usando inibidores da acetilcolinesterase (AChE). Este trabalho teve como objetivo revisar a literatura das plantas e substâncias encontradas nas plantas, inibidores da enzima acetilcolinesterase. Foram levantadas 309 plantas e 260 substâncias isoladas de plantas que foram classificadas em grupos químicos adequados, os modelos testados, e suas atividades. Foram consultados 175 referências.

**Unitermos:** Inibidores da Acetilcolinesterase, AChE, doença de Alzheimer, distúrbios neurodegenéticos, plantas medicinais, produtos naturais, revisão.

**ABSTRACT:** Alzheimer’s disease (AD) is a progressive, neurodegenerative pathology that primarily affects the elderly population, and is estimated to account for 50-60% of dementia cases in persons over 65 years of age. The main symptoms associated with AD involve cognitive dysfunction, primarily memory loss. Other features associated with the later stages of AD include language deficits, depression, behavioural problems including agitation, mood disturbances and psychosis. One of the most promising approaches for treating this disease is to enhance the acetylcholine level in the brain using acetylcholinesterase (AChE) inhibitors. The present work reviews the literature on plants and plant-derived compounds inhibitors of enzyme acetylcholinesterase. The review refers to 309 plant extracts and 260 compounds isolated from plants, which are classified in appropriate chemical groups and model tested, and cites their activity. For this purpose 175 references were consulted.

**Keywords:** Acetylcholinesterase inhibitors, AChE, Alzheimer’s disease, neurodegenerative disorders, medicinal plants, natural products, review.

### INTRODUCTION

The enzyme acetylcholinesterase (AChE) catalyses the hydrolysis of the ester bound of acetylcholine (ACh) to terminate the impulse transmitted action of ACh through cholinergic synapses (Stryer, 1995). Although the basic reason of Alzheimer’s disease (AD) is not clear so far, AD is firmly associated with impairment in cholinergic transmission. A number of AChE inhibitors have been considered as candidates for the symptomatic treatment of AD as the most useful relieving strategy (Howes et al., 2003).

Reversible inhibitors of cholinesterase are currently used in clinical trials examining the treatment of Alzheimer’s disease. Anticholinesterase may interact with the central cholinergic system to improve memory

and cognitive deficits of the patients by diminishing the breakdown of acetylcholine at the synaptic site in the brain. However, the therapeutic window is small, and testing of the inhibitory effect on acetylcholinesterase (AChE) in erythrocytes has been proposed as a guide to the efficacy and safety of putative therapies.

Alzheimer’s disease is a progressive degenerative neurologic disorder resulting in impaired memory and behavior. Epidemiological data indicate a potentially considerable increase in the prevalence of the disease over the next two decades (Johnson et al., 2000). AD affects up to 5% of people over 65 years, rising to 20% of those over 80 years (Camps et al., 2000a). Most treatment strategies have been based on the cholinergic hypothesis which postulated that memory impairments in patients suffering from this disease result from a

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deficit of cholinergic function in brain. Cholinergic neurotransmission is specially affected in patients with Alzheimer's disease. One of the most promising approaches for treating this disease is to enhance the acetylcholine level in brain using acetylcholinesterase inhibitors (Enz et al., 1993). Several AChE inhibitors are being investigated for the treatment of Alzheimer's disease. However, only tacrine (**1**), donepezil (**2**), rivastigmine (**3**) and galanthamine (**4**) have been approved by the Food and Drug Administration in the United States (Zarotsky et al., 2003). Among the other strategies under investigation, monoamine oxidase B (MAO-B) inhibitors have also been proposed for the treatment of AD. Recent studies have shown that MAO-B activity can increase up to 3-fold in the temporal, parietal and frontal cortex of AD patients compared with controls. This increase in MAO-B activity produces an elevation of brain levels of hydroxyl radicals, which has been correlated with the development of A $\beta$  plaques. A $\beta$  is the main component of the senile plaques found in AD brains and any compound able to inhibit its aggregation might be regarded as potentially useful in the treatment of the disease (Bruhlmann et al., 2001).

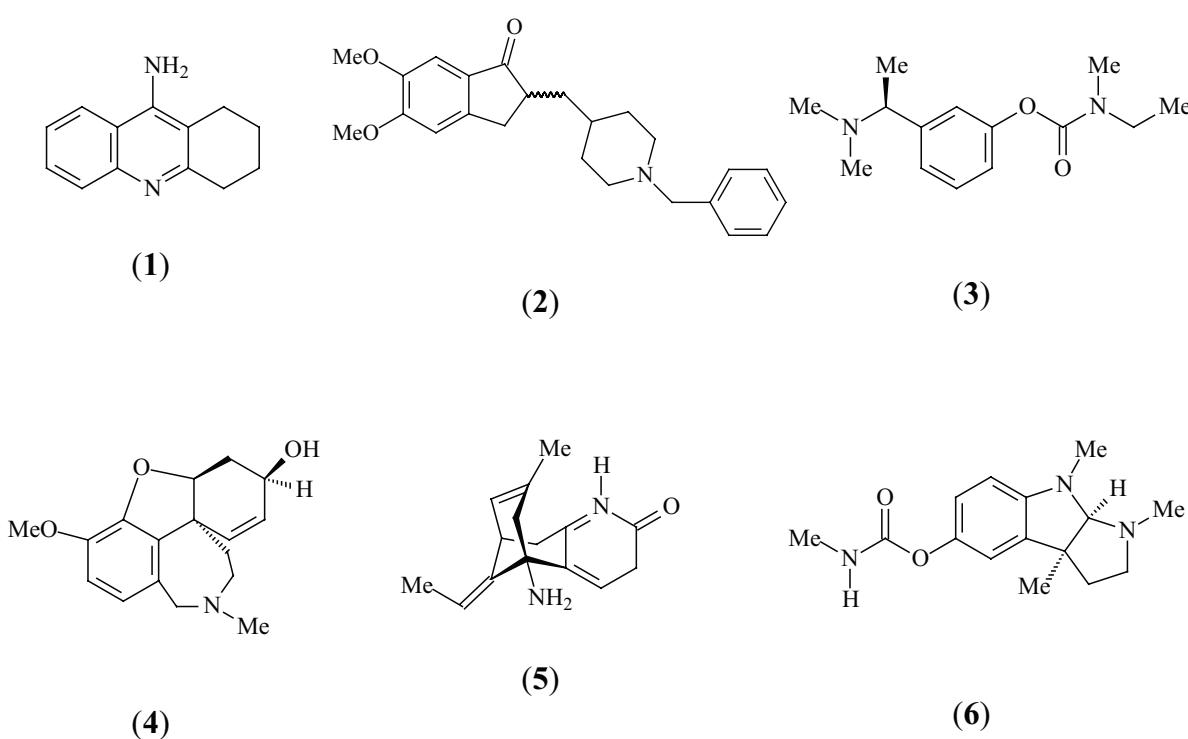
Nature is a rich source of biological and chemical diversity. The unique and complex structures of natural products cannot be obtained easily by chemical synthesis. A number of plants in the world have been used in traditional medicine remedies. Huperzine A (**5**) is a natural compound first isolated from Chinese medicine

*Huperzia serrata* (Thunb.) in 1986, is a potent, reversible and selective inhibitor of AChE.

In a previous paper this research group has reviewed crude plant extracts and chemically defined molecules with potential antitumor activity for mammary (Moura et al., 2001), cervical (Moura et al., 2002) and ovarian neoplasias (Silva et al., 2003), as inhibitors of HMG CoA reductase (Gonçalves et al., 2000), central analgesic activity (Almeida et al., 2001), employed in prevention of osteoporosis (Pereira et al., 2002), for the treatment of Parkinson's disease (Morais, 2003), with antileishmanial (Rocha et al., 2005), hypoglycaemic (Barbosa-Filho et al., 2005) and antiinflammatory activity (Falcão et al., 2005, Barbosa-Filho et al., 2006). The present work reviews the literature on plants and plant-derived compounds inhibitors of enzyme acetylcholinesterase.

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

The keywords used for this review were medicinalplants,naturalproducts, and acetylcholinesterase inhibitors. The search was performed using Chemical Abstracts, Biological Abstracts and the data bank of the University of Illinois at Chicago, NAPRALERT (Acronym for NAturel PRoducts ALERT), updated to December 2004. The references obtained were later consulted.



**Figure 1.** Representative examples of synthetic (**1-3**) and natural (**4-6**) products inhibitors of the enzyme acetylcholinesterase

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Consultation of various types of literature sources resulted in elaboration of a list of natural products (Table 1 and 2) evaluated specifically for acetylcholinesterase inhibition. It should be noted that most of references cited are not first-hand observations, but secondary sources. For details on the models or mechanism-based bioassays utilized for selecting plant extracts and pure compounds against acetylcholinesterase, the original references should be consulted.

### Plant extracts inhibitors of acetylcholinesterase enzyme

Acetylcholine is a neurotransmitter inhibited primarily by acetylcholinesterase (AChE) and secondly by butyrylcholinesterase (BChE), considered to play a role in the pathology of AD (Hebert et al., 1995). Despite the unknown etiology of AD, elevation of acetylcholine amount through AChE enzyme inhibition has been accepted as the most effective treatment strategy against AD. Therefore, AChE inhibitors have become the remarkable alternatives in treatment of AD. However, the present drugs (tacrine, rivastigmine and donezepil) with AChE inhibitory activity possess some side effects (Schneider, 2001). Consequently, it is compulsory to develop new drugs in order to combat AD (Viegas-Junior et al., 2004).

The history of drug discovery showed that plants are highly rich sources in the search for new active compounds and they have become a challenge to modern pharmaceutical industry. Many synthetic drugs owe their origin to plant-based complementary medicine. Since AD, one of the most common cause of death worldwide, has become a threat to public health, new treatment strategies based on medicinal plants have been focused (Howes et al., 2003; Orhan et al., 2004).

A recent study with Brazilian plants showed excellent results for the species *Amburana cearensis*, *Lippia sidoides*, *Paullinia cupana*, *Plathymiscium floribundum* and *Solanum asperum* (Trevisan; Macedo, 2003). Since the plants have been used in treatment of memory dysfunction in some folk medicines since centuries the present study presents a review of 309 plants belong to 92 botanical families tested against acetylcholinesterase inhibition. The plants are listed in Table 1, in alphabetical order of their family, scientific name, country, plant part used, type of extract, dose/concentration, result and references.

### Chemically-defined molecule as inhibitors of acetylcholinesterase enzyme

The prototype for the centrally acting AChE inhibitors was tacrine, the first drug to be approved in the United States (Cognex®) for the treatment of AD.

However, its severe side effects such hepatotoxicity and gastrointestinal upset, represent an important drawback (Camps et al., 2000). The results of the studies on tacrine spurred the development of other centrally acting reversible AChE inhibitors, such as the recently marketed galanthamine (Nivalin®), donezepil (Aricept®) and rivastigmine (Exelon®) or the natural product (-)-huperzine A, which is currently undergoing extensive clinical trials, showing considerable promise for the palliative treatment of AD.

Galanthamine, a long acting, selective, reversible and competitive AChE inhibitor, is considered to be more effective in the treatment of AD and to have fewer limitations (Rhee et al., 2001). Recently it has reported which because of bioavailability problems and possible side-effects, there still is great interest in finding better AChE inhibitors.

Donezepil was developed in order to overcome the disadvantages of physostigmine and tacrine, and later approved by the FDA for treatment of AD. It is highly selective for acetylcholinesterase with a significantly lower affinity for butyrylcholinesterase (Racchi et al., 2004).

Rivastigmine is a carbamating, pseudo-irreversible acetylcholinesterase inhibitor which in preclinical biochemical studies has shown a significant nervous system selectivity (Racchi et al., 2004).

(-)-Huperzine A is a natural compound first isolated from Chinese medicine *Huperzia serrata* (Thunb.) in 1986. It is a potent, reversible and selective inhibitor of AChE with a rapid absorption and penetration into the brain in animal tests. Compared to tacrine, physostigmine (6), galanthamine and donezepil, huperzine A possesses a longer duration of action and higher therapeutic index, and the peripheral cholinergic side effects are minimal at therapeutic doses (Camps et al., 2000; Li et al., 2004). Huperzine A possesses higher selectivity and has almost no effect on butyrylcholinesterase. In China, huperzine A has already been approved as a palliative drug for AD (Högenauer et al., 2001).

We founded 260 chemically defined natural molecules reported in the literature, which have been evaluated for acetylcholinesterase inhibition. The compounds tested, which have been isolated and identified belong to the classes of alkaloids (139), monoterpenes (27), coumarins (18), triterpenes (17), flavonoids (14), benzenoids (13), diterpenes (8), oxygen heterocycles (5), sesquiterpenes (5), stilbenes (3), lignans (2), sulfur compounds (2), proteids (2), polycyclic (1), quinoid (1), benzoxazinone (1), carotenoid (1) and alycyclic (1).

## CONCLUSION

The present work shows that most of the plant extracts tested showed inhibitory activity against acetylcholinesterase and they could be considered for

further studies in the treatment of AD. In particular, the species belonging to Amaryllidaceae, Apiaceae, Asteraceae, Fabaceae and Fumariaceae were the most studied. Since most of acetylcholinesterase inhibitors are known to contain nitrogen, the higher activity of these extracts may be due to their rich alkaloidal content. The alkaloids are the major compounds isolated from this species and shows inhibitory activity for the acetylcholinesterase. More research is needed to further explore the actions of this alkaloids in the search of promising treatment for AD.

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**Table 1.** Plant extracts showing acetylcholinesterase inhibition

Family and botanical name	Origin	Part used	Extract	Dose/Concent.	Result	References
Acanthaceae <i>Justicia gendarussa</i>	India India	Leaf Leaf	EtOH EtOH	2 mm slices 2 mm slices	Active Active	Gupta et al., 1997 Gupta et al., 1997
Adiantaceae <i>Adiantum capillus-veneris</i>	India	Leaf/Stem/Root	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
Agavaceae <i>Dracaena deremensis</i>	India USA	Leaf Dried bulb	EtOH MeOH Toluene	2 mm slices Variable Variable	Inactive Inactive Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997 Rhee et al., 2001 Rhee et al., 2001
Alismataceae <i>Alisma orientale</i>	China	Root	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O 50% H <sub>2</sub> O ext. MeOH	0.02 mg/mL 9.5 mg/mL Not stated	Inactive Inactive Weak activity	Howes et al., 1999 Howes et al., 1999 Lee et al., 1997
Amaranthaceae <i>Amaranthus japonica</i>	South Korea	Rhizome				Lee et al., 1997
Amaryllidaceae <i>Amaryllis belladonna</i>	South Korea USA	Root Dried bulb	MeOH	Not stated	Active	Lee et al., 1997
Chilidanthus fragrans	USA	Dried bulb	MeOH	Variable	Active	Rhee et al., 2001
Crinum powelli	Netherlands USA	Dried bulb Dried bulb	Toluene EtOH 70% MeOH	Variable	Active	Rhee et al., 2001
Eucharia amazonica	Switzerland Netherlands	Fresh bulb Bulb Dried bulb	Toluene EtOH 95% EtOH 70% MeOH	10.0 mg/mL 15.0 mg/disc 10.0 mg/mL Variable	Active	Rhee et al., 2001
Galanthus nivalis	Netherlands Switzerland USA	Dried bulbs Fresh bulbs Dried bulb	Toluene EtOH 70% EtOH 95% MeOH	10.0 mg/mL 15.0 mg/disc Variable	Active	Rhee et al., 2001
Habenanthus robustus	USA	Dried bulb	Toluene MeOH	Variable	Inactive	Rhee et al., 2001
Hippeastralia sp	USA	Dried bulb	Toluene MeOH	Variable	Weak activity	Rhee et al., 2001
Hymenocallis festalis	USA	Dried bulb	Toluene MeOH	Variable	Weak activity	Rhee et al., 2001
Hymenocallis sp	USA	Dried bulb	Toluene EtOH 95%	Variable	Inactive	Rhee et al., 2001
Ismene festalis	Switzerland	Fresh bulb	EtOH 95%	15.0 mg/disc	Active	Marston et al., 2002
Lencoum vernum	Switzerland	Entire plant	EtOH 95%	15.0 mg/disc	Active	Marston et al., 2002
Narcissus pseudo-narcissus	Switzerland	Fresh bulb	EtOH 95%	15.0 mg/disc	Active	Marston et al., 2002

<i>Narcissus tazetta</i>	USA	Dried bulb	MeOH	Variable	Inactive	Rhee et al., 2001
<i>Nerine bowdenii</i>	Netherlands	Dried bulb	EtOH 70%	10.0 mg/mL	Active	Rhee et al., 2003
	USA	Dried bulb	MeOH	Variable	Active	Rhee et al., 2001
		Dried bulb	Toluene	Variable	Active	Rhee et al., 2001
<i>Rhodophiala bifida</i>	Switzerland	Dried bulb	Fresh bulb	15.0 mcg/disc	Active	Marsion et al., 2002
	USA	Dried bulb	MeOH	Variable	Inactive	Rhee et al., 2001
		Dried bulb	Toluene	Variable	Inactive	Rhee et al., 2001
<i>Sprekelia formosissima</i>	USA	Dried bulb	MeOH	Variable	Inactive	Rhee et al., 2001
		Fresh bulb	Toluene	Variable	Inactive	Rhee et al., 2001
<i>Zephyranthes candida</i>	USA	Dried bulb	EtOH 95%	15.0 mcg/disc	Inactive	Marsion et al., 2002
			MeOH	Variable	Weak activity	Rhee et al., 2001
<i>Anacardium occidentale</i>	Brazil	Bark	EtOH	2.3 mg/mL	Inactive	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Mangifera indica</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm sl	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Annonaceae</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Polyalthia longifolia</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive	Lee et al., 1997
	South Korea	Root	MeOH	100.0 mcg/mL	Active	Khang et al., 2001
<i>Angelica sinensis</i>	South Korea	Root	Dichloromethane	200.0 mcg/mL	Active	Park et al., 1996
<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Bupleurum chinense</i>	China	Entire plant	Saponin fraction	Not stated	Active	Wu and yu, 1984
<i>Bupleurum falcatum</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive	Lee et al., 1997
	South Korea	Root	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive	Park et al., 1996
<i>Bupleurum scorzonerifolium</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O 50%	0.05 mg/mL	Active	Howes et al., 1999
<i>Ceneta astatica</i>	South Korea	Rhizome	MeOH	Not stated	Active	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Cnidium officinale</i>	India	Root	EtOH	2 mm sl	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Daucus carota</i>	South Korea	Fruit	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Feoeniculum vulgare</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Glehnia littoralis</i>	South Korea	Not specified	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive	Park et al., 1996
<i>Lebedourella seseloides</i>	South Korea	Rhizome	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive	Park et al., 1996
<i>Ligustrum wallichii</i>	South Korea	Root	Dichloromethane	200.0 mcg/mL	Active	Park et al., 1996
<i>Nothopterygium incisum</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Ostericum koreanum</i>	South Korea	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Thevetia peruviana</i>	India	Not stated	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O 50%	0.05 mg/mL	Active	Howes et al., 1999
<i>Apocynaceae</i>	Leaf	EtOH	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Apocynum lancifolium</i>	India	Leaf	MeOH	0.1 mg/mL	Weak activity	Ingkaninan et al., 2003
<i>Catharanthus roseus</i>	Thailand	Root				
<i>Ervatamia coronaria</i>						
<i>Araceae</i>						
<i>Colocasia esculenta</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Pinellia ternata</i>	South Korea	Tuber	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Philodendron imbe</i>	Brazil	Leaf	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive	Park et al., 1996
			Hexane:CHCl <sub>3</sub>	1.4 mg/mL	Inactive	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003

<i>Verbesina diversifolia</i>	Brazil	Flower	EtOH	1.6 mg/mL	Inactive	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Vernonia conyzoides</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
Bombacaceae						
<i>Bombax ceiba</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
Boraginaceae						
<i>Auxemma glazioviana</i>	Brazil	Stem	CHCl <sub>3</sub>	2.5 mg/mL	Active	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Cordia piauensis</i>	Brazil	Root	EtOAc	0.6 mg/mL	Inactive	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Heliotropium ramosissimum</i>	Iraq	Aerial parts	CHCl <sub>3</sub>	2.7 mg/mL	Inactive	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Lithospermum erythrorhizon</i>	South Korea	Root	Acid-EtOH	0.4 mg/mL	Active	Mahmoud et al., 1987
Burseraceae			MeOH	Not stated	Inactive	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Commiphora wightii</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Pithecellobium heptaphyllum</i>	Brazil	Resin	Hexane	3.3 mg/mL	Active	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
Campanulaceae			-	17 mg/mL	Active	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Codonopsis pilosula</i>	China	Root	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O 50%	0.3 mg/mL	Inactive	Howes et al., 1999
<i>Platycodon grandiflorum</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
Cannabaceae			MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive	Park et al., 1996
<i>Cannabis sativa</i>	South Korea	Seed	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
Caprifoliaceae	India	Stem/Branch	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Lonicera japonica</i>	South Korea	Flowers	MeOH	0.5 mg/mL	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
Caricaceae	India	Stem/Branch	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Carica papaya</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
Caryophyllaceae						
<i>Stellaria media</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
Celastraceae						
<i>Celastrus paniculatus</i>	India	Seed oil	Seed oil	200 mg/kg	Inactive	Gattu et al., 1997
Clavigeritaceae						
<i>Clavicipitaceae</i>	South Korea	Pericarp+Seeds	Lyophilized	Not stated	Inactive	Yiu et al., 2003
<i>Cordyceps scarabaeicola</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
Combretaceae						
<i>Quisqualis indica</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
Commelinaceae						
<i>Tradescantia virginiana</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
Convolvulaceae						
<i>Evolvulus nummularius</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Ipomoea nil</i>	India	Stem/Branch	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
Crassulaceae						
<i>Kalanchoe pinnata</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
Cucurbitaceae						
<i>Mormodica charantia</i>	Brazil	Stem	Hexano	1.5 mg/mL	Inactive	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003

<i>Trichosanthes kirilowii</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Cupressaceae</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Biotia orientalis</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Cycadaceae</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Cycas revoluta</i>	South Korea	Rhizome	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Cyperaceae</i>	South Korea	Rhizome	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Cyperus rotundus</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Scirpus fluviatilis</i>	South Korea	Root	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Dioscoreaceae</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Weak activity	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Dioscorea batatas</i>	South Korea	Aerial parts	MeOH	0.1 mg/mL	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Ephedraceae</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Ephedra foliata</i>	South Korea	Aerial parts	MeOH	0.1 mg/mL	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Ephedra sinica</i>	India	Stem/Branch	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Equisetaceae</i>	India	Stem/Branch	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Equisetum ramosissimum</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Euphorbiaceae</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Acalypha indica</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	1.5 mg/mL	Active	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Codiaeum variegatum</i>	India	Latex	EtOH	0.6 mg/mL	Inactive	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Croton urucumana</i>	Brazil	Leaf + Fruit	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Dalechampia fernandezii</i>	Brazil	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Euphorbia hirta</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Euphorbia mille</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Euphorbia nerifolia</i>	India	Stem/Branch	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Euphorbia pulcherrima</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Euphorbia royleana</i>	India	Fresh latex	EtOH	Variable	Active	Sing and Agarwal, 1984
<i>Jatropha integerrima</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Euphorbia pulcherrima</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Phyllanthus fraternus</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Putranjiva roxburghii</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Ricinus communis</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	IC <sub>50</sub> 27.3 mcg/mL	Active	Jang et al., 2003
<i>Securinega suffruticosa</i>	South Korea	Leaf	H <sub>2</sub> O ext.	IC <sub>50</sub> >80 mcg/mL	Inactive	Jang et al., 2003
			MeOH	IC <sub>50</sub> 49.5 mcg/mL	Active	Jang et al., 2003
<i>Fabaceae</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Aeschynomene indica</i>	South Korea	Bark	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive	Park et al., 1996
<i>Albizia julibrissin</i>	Brazil	Stem bark	EtOH	2.3 mg/mL	Active	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Amburana cearensis</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Astragalus membranaceus</i>	Brazil	Root	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive	Park et al., 1996
<i>Bauhinia chilyantha</i>	Brazil	Leaf	EtOH	1 mg/mL	Inactive	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Bowdichia virgilioides</i>	Brazil	Bark	Hexane	0.6 mg/mL	Inactive	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Butea superba</i>	Thailand	Root/bark	MeOH	0.1 mg/mL	Weak activity	Ingkaninan et al., 2003
<i>Caesalpinia pulcherrima</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Caesalpinia sappan</i>	South Korea	Wood	MeOH	0.1 mg/mL	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997

<i>Caragana chamlagu</i>	Root	MeOH	Active	Sung et al., 2002
<i>Cassia fistula</i>	Root	MeOH	Weak activity	Ingkaninan et al., 2003
<i>Cassia occidentalis</i>	Leaf	EtOH	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Cassia siamea</i>	Leaf	H <sub>2</sub> O soluble fraction	Active	Pemtiernsin et al., 2001
<i>Crotalaria juncea</i>	Leaf	EtOH	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Dolichos lablab</i>	Seed	MeOH	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Glycine max</i>	Seed	MeOH	Active	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Glycyrrhiza uralensis</i>	Root	2 mm slices	Active	Salvati et al., 1996
<i>Leucena leucocephala</i>	Leaf	MeOH	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Lonchocarpus sericeus</i>	Stem bark	Seed oil	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Mimosa acutipila</i>	Stem bark	MeOH	Weak activity	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Mimosa pudica</i>	Root	EtOH	Active	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Plathymiscium floribundum</i>	Heartwood	2 mm slices	Active	Mahanta; Mukhenjee, 2001
<i>Pterodon polystachyflorus</i>	Seed	EtOH	Inactive	Mahanta; Mukhenjee, 2001
<i>Pueraria thunbergiana</i>	Root	EtOH	Active	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Sesbania sesban</i>	Leaf	EtOAc	Inactive	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Vanilosmopsis arborea</i>	Not stated	MeOH	Not stated	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Fumariaceae</i>	Aerial parts	H <sub>2</sub> O ext.	100.0 mcg/mL	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Fumaria aspera</i>	Aerial parts	Hot H <sub>2</sub> O ext.	100.0 mcg/mL	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Fumaria bastardii</i>	Aerial parts	MeOH	100.0 mcg/mL	Mahanta; Mukhenjee, 2001
<i>Fumaria boissieri</i>	Aerial parts	EtOH	2.8 mg/mL	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Fumaria bracteosa</i>	Aerial parts	EtOAc	2.3 mg/mL	Mahanta; Mukhenjee, 2001
<i>Fumaria capreolata</i>	Aerial parts	MeOH	Not stated	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Fumaria cilicica</i>	Aerial parts	EtOH	2 mm slices	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Fumaria densiflora</i>	Aerial parts	EtOH	1.2 mg/mL	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Fumaria flabellata</i>	Aerial parts			Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Fumaria gaillardotii</i>	Aerial parts			
<i>Fumaria jalaiaca</i>	Aerial parts			
<i>Fumaria kralikii</i>	Aerial parts			
<i>Fumaria macrocarpa</i>	Aerial parts			
<i>Fumaria microcarpa</i>	Aerial parts			
<i>Fumaria officinalis</i>	Aerial parts			
<i>Fumaria parviflora</i>	Aerial parts			
<i>Fumaria petteri</i>	Aerial parts			
<i>Fumaria rostellata</i>	Aerial parts			
<i>Fumaria schleicheri</i>	Aerial parts			
<i>Fumaria vanilantii</i>	Aerial parts			
<i>Gentianaceae</i>	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Gentiana scabra</i>	Root			

Ginkgoaceae	<i>Ginkgo biloba</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997	
Hydrocharitaceae	<i>Hydrocharis verticillata</i>	India	Stem/Branch	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997	
Lamiaceae	<i>Agastache rugosa</i> <i>Coleus blumei</i> <i>Mentha arvensis</i> <i>Ocimum sanctum</i> <i>Perilla frutescens</i> <i>Prunella vulgaris</i> <i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i> <i>Salvia lavandulaefolia</i> <i>Salvia miltiorrhiza</i>	South Korea India South Korea India South Korea South Korea England England South Korea China	Aerial parts Leaf Root Leaf Aerial parts Aerial parts Leaf Essential oil Root Root	MeOH EtOH MeOH EtOH MeOH MeOH EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O 50% Essential oil MeOH EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O 50% H <sub>2</sub> O ext.	Not stated 2 mm slices Not stated 2 mm slices Not stated 0.2 mg/mL 0.089 mg/mL IC <sub>50</sub> 0.03 µL/mL 20.0 µL/animal 0.2 mg/mL 0.1 mg/mL 9.5 mcg/mL Not stated Not stated 200.0 mcg/mL	Weak activity Active Weak activity Inactive Weak activity Weak activity Weak activity Active Weak activity Active Active Active Active Weak activity Weak activity Inactive	Lee et al., 1997 Gupta et al., 1997 Lee et al., 1997 Gupta et al., 1997 Lee et al., 1997 Lee et al., 1997 Howes et al., 1999 Perry et al., 2000 Perry et al., 2002 Lee et al., 1997 Howes et al., 1999 Howes et al., 1999 Lee et al., 1997 Lee et al., 1997 Park et al., 1996	Gupta et al., 1997 Lee et al., 1997 Lee et al., 1997 Gupta et al., 1997 Lee et al., 1997 Lee et al., 1997 Howes et al., 1999 Perry et al., 2000 Lee et al., 1997 Howes et al., 1999 Howes et al., 1999 Lee et al., 1997 Lee et al., 1997 Park et al., 1996
Schizonepetia tenuifolia	<i>Scutellaria baicalensis</i> <i>Scutellaria baicalensis</i> <i>Lardizabalaceae</i>	South Korea South Korea South Korea	Aerial parts Root Root	MeOH MeOH MeOH	Not stated Not stated 200.0 mcg/mL	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997	
Araliaceae	<i>Akebia quinata</i>	South Korea	Stem	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997	
Lauraceae	<i>Cinnamomum cassia</i>	South Korea	Bark Branchlets Wood	MeOH 80% MeOH MeOH	200.0 mcg/mL Not stated Not stated	Inactive Inactive Active	Park et al., 1996 Lee et al., 1997 Lee et al., 1997	
Cannabaceae	<i>Cinnamomum japonicum</i>	South Korea						
Liliaceae	<i>Allium sativum</i> <i>Anemarrhena asphodeloides</i> <i>Asparagus cochinchinensis</i> <i>Liriopodium platyphylla</i>	India Iran South Korea South Korea South Korea	Dried bulb Dried bulb Rhizome Root Tuber	Essential oil H <sub>2</sub> O MeOH MeOH MeOH	Not stated 50.0 mg/kg Not stated Not stated 1.0 mg/mL	Active Active Active Weak activity Weak activity	Thomas; Pal, 1974 Shariff et al., 2003 Lee et al., 1997 Lee et al., 1997 Lee et al., 1997	
Lycopodiaceae	<i>Lycopodium alpinum</i> <i>Lycopodium annotinum</i> <i>Lycopodium clavatum</i> <i>Lycopodium complanatum</i> <i>Lycopodium selago</i>	Turkey Turkey Turkey Turkey Turkey	Aerial parts Aerial parts Aerial parts Aerial parts Aerial parts	MeOH-CHCl <sub>3</sub> Not specified MeOH-CHCl <sub>3</sub> MeOH-CHCl <sub>3</sub> MeOH-CHCl <sub>3</sub>	1.0 mg/mL 1.0 mg/mL 1.0 mg/mL 1.0 mg/mL 1.0 mg/mL	Inactive Inactive Weak activity Inactive Inactive	Orhan et al., 2003 Orhan et al., 2003 Orhan et al., 2003 Orhan et al., 2003 Orhan et al., 2003	
Lythraceae	<i>Lawsonia inermis</i>	India	Dried leaf	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive	Lahon; Singh, 197	
Magnoliaceae	<i>Magnolia kobus</i> <i>Magnolia obovata</i>	South Korea South Korea	Flowers Bark	MeOH MeOH	Not stated Not stated	Weak activity Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997 Lee et al., 1997	

<i>Magnolia officinalis</i>	South Korea	Bark	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive	Park et al., 1996
<i>Gossypium herbaceum</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>	India	Leaf/Stem	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Mahva verticillata</i>	South Korea	Leaf	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Melia azedarach</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm sl	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Menispermaceae</i>						
<i>Stephania tuberosa</i>	Thailand	Root	MeOH	0.1 mg/mL	Weak activity	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Stephania tetrandra</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Cecropia anguria</i>	Brazil	Stem	Hexane	1.8 mg/mL	Inactive	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Cecropia pachystachya</i>	Brazil	Leaf	EtOH	1.1 mg/mL	Inactive	Trevisan; Macedo, 2003
<i>Ficus elastica</i>	India	Stem/Branch	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Ficus krishnae</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Musaceae</i>						
<i>Musa paradisiaca</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Myrtaceae</i>						
<i>Callistemon lanceolatus</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Psidium guajava</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Syzygium aromaticum</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive	Park et al., 1996
<i>Nyctaginaceae</i>						
<i>Boerhavia diffusa</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Bougainvillea glabra</i>	India	Stem/Branch	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Oleaceae</i>						
<i>Ptychosperatum olacoides</i>	Brazil	Root	EtOH	100 mg/kg	Active	Siqueira et al., 2003
<i>Olea europaea</i>	South Korea	Fruit	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
	Spain	Fruit fixed oil	Fixed oil	10.0% of diet	Active	De La Cruz et al., 2000
<i>Oleandraceae</i>						
<i>Nephrolepis biserrata</i>	India	Stem/Root	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Orchidaceae</i>						
<i>Gastrodia elata</i>	South Korea	Rhizome	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Oxalidaceae</i>						
<i>Oxalis corniculata</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Paeoniaceae</i>						
<i>Paeonia albiflora</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Paeonia moutan</i>	South Korea	Bark	MeOH	Not stated	Active	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Paeonia obvovata</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive	Park et al., 1996
<i>Papaveraceae</i>						
<i>Argemone mexicana</i>	India	Stem	EtOH	2 mm sl	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Chelidonium majus</i>	Switzerland	Aerial parts	EtOH 95%	15.0 mcg/disc	Active	Marston et al., 2002
<i>Corydalis ternata</i>	South Korea	Tuber	CHCl <sub>3</sub> -MeOH (2:1)	5.0 mcg/mL	Active	Hwang et al., 1996
			H2O fraction	10.0 mcg/mL	Inactive	Hwang et al., 1996
			MeOH	5.0 mcg/mL	Active	Hwang et al., 1996

<i>Papaver somniferum</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
Parazoanthidae	Organism	Adriatic Sea	EtOH 75%	IC <sub>50</sub> 110.0 mg/mL	Active	Turk et al., 1995
<i>Parazoanthus axinellae</i>						
Piperaceae	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Piper betle</i>	Thailand	Stem	EtOH	0.1 mg/mL	Weak activity	Ingkaninan et al., 2003
<i>Piper interruptum</i>	Thailand	Seed	MeOH	0.1 µmols/mL	Weak activity	Ingkaninan et al., 2003
<i>Piper nigrum</i>						
Plantaginaceae	South Korea	Seed	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Plantago asiatica</i>	South Korea	Seed	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive	Lee et al., 1997
Poaceae	South Korea	Stem/Branch	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i>	India	Fruit	MeOH	Not stated	Active	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	South Korea	Caules	MeOH	1.0 mg/mL	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	South Korea	Entire plant	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Phyllostachys nigra</i>	South Korea	Seed	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Triticum aestivum</i>	South Korea					
Polygonaceae	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Polygonatum multiflorum</i>	China	Root	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O 50%	0.3 mg/mL	Inactive	Howes et al., 1999
<i>Polygonatum multiflorum</i>	South Korea	Root	H <sub>2</sub> O ext.	9.5 mcg/mL	Inactive	Howes et al., 1999
<i>Polygonatum multiflorum</i>			MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Weak activity	Park et al., 1996
Polygonaceae	India	Leaf/Stem	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Antigonon leptopus</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	0.1 mg/mL	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Polygonatum multiflorum</i>	China	Root	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O 50%	0.2 mg/mL	Inactive	Howes et al., 1999
<i>Rheum officinale</i>	South Korea	Rhizome	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive	Park et al., 1996
Rubiaceae	South Korea	Entire plant	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Polyphorus umbellatus</i>	South Korea	Entire plant	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity	Lee et al., 1997
<i>Poria cocos</i>	South Korea	Fruitbody	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive	Park et al., 1996
Pontederiaceae	India	Stem/Branch	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Eichhornia crassipes</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive	Gupta et al., 1997
Potulaceae	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Portulaca quadrifida</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
Peridaceae	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Pteris multifida</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
Punicaceae	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active	Gupta et al., 1997
<i>Punica granatum</i>						
Ranunculaceae						

<i>Aconitum carmichaelii</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive
		Tuber	MeOH	Not stated	Active
		Rhizome	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
<i>Cimicifuga heracleifolia</i>	South Korea	Rhizome	EtOH 70%	10.0 mg/mL	Inactive
<i>Cimicifuga racemosa</i>	USA	Rhizome	Dichloromethane	200.0 mcg/mL	Active
<i>Copitis chinensis</i>	South Korea	Rhizome	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Active
<i>Copitis japonica</i>	South Korea	Rhizome	MeOH	0.1 mg/mL	Weak activity
<i>Rhamnaceae</i>	South Korea	Fruit	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive
<i>Ziziphus jujuba</i>	China	Seed	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
	South Korea	Seed	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O 50%	0.05 mg/mL	Inactive
		Fruit	H <sub>2</sub> O ext.	0.03 mg/mL	Inactive
			MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
			MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive
<i>Rosaceae</i>	South Korea	Fruit	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
<i>Crataegus pinnatifida</i>	South Korea	Leaf	MeOH	1.0 mg/mL	Weak activity
<i>Eriobotrya japonica</i>	South Korea	Seed	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
<i>Prunus armeniaca</i>	South Korea	Seed	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
<i>Prunus persica</i>	South Korea	Fruit	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
<i>Rubus coreanus</i>	South Korea	Fruit	MeOH	0.2 mg/mL	Weak activity
	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm sl.	Inactive
	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive
	South Korea	Branchlets	MeOH	0.2 mg/mL	Weak activity
<i>Rubiaceae</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active
<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i>	South Korea	Fruit	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
<i>Ixora coccinea</i>	India	Essential oil		IC <sub>50</sub> 0.13 mcg/mL	Active
<i>Rubia cordifolia</i>	South Korea	Pericarp	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
<i>Uncaria rhynchophylla</i>	South Korea	Fruit	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
<i>Rutaceae</i>	India	Aerial parts	Dichloromethane	200.0 mcg/mL	Active
<i>Citrus aurantiifolia</i>	South Korea	Bark	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive
<i>Citrus aurantium</i>	USA	Fruit	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
<i>Citrus paradisi</i>	South Korea	Aerial parts	Dichloromethane	200.0 mcg/mL	Active
<i>Citrus unshiu</i>	South Korea	Bark	Hexane	1.1 mg/mL	Inactive
<i>Enodia officinalis</i>	South Korea	Fruit	CHCl <sub>3</sub>	1.4 mg/mL	Active
<i>Enodia ruiacarpa</i>	South Korea		EtOAc	1.8 mg/mL	Inactive
<i>Phellodendron amurense</i>	South Korea		MeOH	2.1 mg/mL	Active
<i>Poncirus trifoliata</i>	Brazil	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active
<i>Triphasia trifolia</i>			MeOH		
<i>Vitis vinifera</i>	India	Leaf			
<i>Santalaceae</i>	South Korea	Wood	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity

<i>Euphorbia longana</i>	South Korea	Arillus	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
<i>Paullinia cupana</i>	Brazil	Not stated	EtOH	1.5 mg/mL	Active
<i>Schiandracea</i>	South Korea	Fruit	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive
<i>Schiandra chinensis</i>		Fruit	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive
<i>Scrophulariaceae</i>					
<i>Mazus pumilus</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active
<i>Rehmannia glutinosa</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive
<i>Scrophularia buergeriana</i>	South Korea	Root	MeOH 80%	200.0 mcg/mL	Inactive
<i>Verbasium chinense</i>	India	Root	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
<i>Smilacaceae</i>		Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive
<i>Simarouba versicolor</i>	Brazil	Fruit	EtOH	1.5 mg/mL	Inactive
<i>Solanaceae</i>					
<i>Datura metel</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active
<i>Lycium chinense</i>	South Korea	Bark	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
<i>Nicotiana rustica</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active
<i>Physalis minima</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active
<i>Solanum asperum</i>	Brazil	Leaf	EtOH	1.4 mg/mL	Active
<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active
<i>Withania somnifera</i>	India	Root	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O 50%	0.15 mg/mL	Active
		Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active
<i>Tiliaceae</i>					
<i>Cochlospermum regium</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active
<i>Tropeolaceae</i>					
<i>Tropaeolum majus</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active
<i>Verbenaceae</i>					
<i>Lantana camara</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Inactive
<i>Lippia alba</i>	Brazil	Leaf	EtOH	2.1 mg/mL	Inactive
<i>Lippia sidoides</i>	Brazil	Leaf	MeOH	2.8 mg/mL	Active
<i>Nicotianthes arboreo-tristis</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2.2 mg/mL	Active
<i>Vitex agnus castus</i>	Brazil	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm sl.	Inactive
<i>Vitex rotundifolia</i>	South Korea	Fruit	MeOH	1.7 mg/mL	Inactive
			MeOH	Not stated	Inactive
<i>Zamiaceae</i>					
<i>Dioon edule</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active
<i>Dioon spinulosum</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active
<i>Zamia furfuraceae</i>	India	Leaf	EtOH	2 mm slices	Active
<i>Zingiberaceae</i>					
<i>Anomum xanthoides</i>	South Korea	Seed	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive
<i>Curcuma zedoaria</i>	South Korea	Rhizome	MeOH	Not stated	Weak activity
<i>Zingiber officinale</i>	South Korea	Rhizome	MeOH	Not stated	Inactive

**Table 2.** Chemically defined natural compounds showing acetylcholinesterase inhibition

Chemical name	Class	Model	Dose/Concent.	Result	References
Acetophenone	Benzoid	In vitro	Not stated	Inactive	Miyazawa et al., 1998
Akuammicine	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 221 µmols	Active	Mroue et al., 1996
Akuammidine	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 188 µmols	Active	Mroue et al., 1996
Alkaloid C	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 48.6 µmols	Active	Rahman et al., 2003
Allicin	Sulfur compound	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 2.88 mg/L	Active	Singh; Singh, 1996
		In vivo/ Brain	12 mcg	Active	Singh; Singh, 1996
Almazole D, (+)	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Inactive	N'Diaye et al., 1996
Alopecuridine	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Active	Hirasawa et al., 2003
Anabasamine	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Active	Tilyabaev; Abdulyakhabov, 1998
Anabasine	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Active	Tilyabaev; Abdulyakhabov, 1998
Anatoxin A	Alkaloid	In vitro	0.016 mg	Inactive	Astrachan et al., 1980
		In vivo/ Brain	0.016 mg	Inactive	Astrachan et al., 1980
		In vivo/ Blood	0.016 mg	Active	Guo et al., 1992
Anisodamine	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Active	Omnia et al., 1995
Arisugacin	Triterpene	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 1.0 nmols	Strong activity	Kuno et al., 1996
Arisugacin A	Triterpene	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 1.0 nmols	Strong activity	Otoguro et al., 2000
		In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 0.001 µmols	Strong activity	Kuno et al., 1996
Arisugacin B	Triterpene	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 25.8 nmols	Active	Otoguro et al., 2000
		In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 0.026 µmols	Strong activity	Otoguro et al., 2000
Arisugacin C	Triterpene	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 2.5 µmols	Active	Otoguro et al., 2000
Arisugacin D	Triterpene	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 3.5 µmols	Active	Otoguro et al., 2000
Arisugacin E	Triterpene	In vitro	Not stated	Inactive	Otoguro et al., 2000
Arisugacin F	Triterpene	In vitro	Not stated	Inactive	Otoguro et al., 2000
Arisugacin G	Triterpene	In vitro	Not stated	Inactive	Otoguro et al., 2000
Arisugacin H	Triterpene	In vitro	Not stated	Inactive	Otoguro et al., 2000
Atherospermoline	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 4.0 µmols	Active	Ogino et al., 1997
Atherospermoline, 12-O-acetyl	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 10.0 µmols	Active	Ogino et al., 1997
Atherospermoline, 2'-N-nor	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 2.5 µmols	Active	Ogino et al., 1997
Auraptene	Coumarin	In vitro	0.16 mcg/mL	Active	Miyazawa et al., 2001
Axillaridine A	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 5.21 µmols	Active	Rahman et al., 2002
Axillarine C	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 227.9 µmols	Weak activity	Rahman et al., 2002
Axillarine F	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 182.0 µmols	Weak activity	Rahman et al., 2002
Baccaboliv acid	Diterpene	In vitro	10.0 ppm	Active	Calderon et al., 2001
Barakol	Oxygen heterocycle	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 0.4 mmols	Active	Permitsin et al., 2001
		In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 0.21 mmols	Active	Permitsin et al., 2001
Benzoxazin-3-one, 1,4:2,4-dihydroxy-7-methoxy	Benzoxazinone	In vitro	5.0 nmols	Weak activity	Cuevas; Niemeyer, 1993
		In vitro	1.0 nmols	Active	Cuevas; Niemeyer, 1993
		In vitro	10.0 nmols	Weak activity	Cuevas; Niemeyer, 1993
		In vitro	10.0 nmols	Equivocal	Cuevas; Niemeyer, 1993
		In vitro	5.0 nmols	Active	Cuevas; Niemeyer, 1993

Berberine	Alkaloid	$IC_{50}$ 167.4 $\mu$ mol	Weak activity	Schmeller et al., 1997
	In vitro	0.1 mmols	Active	Shin et al., 1993
	In vitro	0.125 $\mu$ mol	Active	Hwang et al., 1996
	In vitro	0.52 mg/mL	Active	Jang et al., 2003
	In vitro	0.98 $\mu$ mol	Active	Ulrichova et al., 1985
	In vitro	0.30 mg/mL	Active	Chun et al., 1979
	In vitro	0.98 $\mu$ mol	Strong activity	Ulrichova et al., 1983
	In vitro	0.91 $\mu$ mol	Active	Ulrichova et al., 1985
Berberine, 13-ethyl	Alkaloid	$ID_{50}$ 8.0 $\mu$ mol	Strong activity	Ulrichova et al., 1983
Berberine, 13-methyl	Alkaloid	$ID_{50}$ 5.1 $\mu$ mol	Strong activity	Ulrichova et al., 1983
Berberine, ep: pseudo	Alkaloid	5.0 mg/Kg	Inactive	Nistri et al., 1974
Bicuculline, (+)	Alkaloid	$IC_{50}$ 162.0 $\mu$ mol	Active	Rahman et al., 2001
Buxalhejramine, (-)	Alkaloid	Not stated	Inactive	Choudhary et al., 2003
Buxalhyrcanine, N-isobutyroyl	Alkaloid	$IC_{50}$ 443.6 $\mu$ mol	Active	Choudhary et al., 2003
Buxalhyrcanine, N-tyglyoyl: (+)	Alkaloid	Not stated	Inactive	Choudhary et al., 2003
Buxalhyrcawine, N-benzoyl: (+)	Alkaloid	$IC_{50}$ 143.0 $\mu$ mol	Active	Rahman et al., 2001
Buxakarachiamine, (-)	Alkaloid	$IC_{50}$ 25.4 $\mu$ mol	Active	Rahman et al., 2001
Buxakashmiramine, (-)	Alkaloid	$IC_{50}$ 33.0 $\mu$ mol	Active	Kvaltinova et al., 1991
Buxaminol E	Alkaloid	1.0 mmols	Inactive	Asano et al., 1996
Calystegine B2	Alkaloid	1.0 mmols	Inactive	Asano et al., 1996
Calystegine N1	Alkaloid	Not stated	Inactive	Perry et al., 2000
Camphor	Monoterpene	0.02% of diet	Inactive	Man et al., 1996
Carotene, $\beta$	Carotenoid	1.0 mmols	Active	Gracza, 1985
Carvacrol	Monoterpene	$IC_{50}$ 1.85 mmols	Active	Miyazawa et al., 1997
Carvone, (+)	Monoterpene	1.0 mmols	Active	Gracza, 1985
Carvone, (-)	Monoterpene	$IC_{50}$ 1.38 mmols	Active	Miyazawa et al., 1997
Castoramine, (-)	Alkaloid	0.5 mmols	Active	Miyazawa et al., 1998b
Chaconine, $\alpha$	Alkaloid	10.0 mg/Kg	Active	Alozie et al., 1979
	In vitro	30.0 mg/Kg	Active	Alozie et al., 1979
	In vivo	60.0 mg/Kg	Weak activity	Alozie et al., 1979
	In vivo	8.3 $\mu$ mol	Active	Alozie et al., 1979
	In vitro	0.016 mol	Active	Alozie et al., 1979
	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 9-40 $\mu$ mol	Active	Ulrichova et al., 1985
Chelerythrine	Alkaloid	$ID_{50}$ 9.4 $\mu$ mol	Strong activity	Ulrichova et al., 1983
Chelilutine	Alkaloid	$ID_{50}$ 0.02 mmols	Active	Ulrichova et al., 1983
Chelirubine	Alkaloid	$ID_{50}$ 0.09 mmols	Active	Ulrichova et al., 1983
Cimicidine	Alkaloid	$IC_{50}$ 197 mmols	Active	Mroue et al., 1996
Cimicine		$IC_{50}$ 241.0 $\mu$ mol	Active	Mroue et al., 1996

Cineol, 1,8	Monoterpene	In vitro	0.67 nmols	Active	Perry et al., 2000
		In vitro	1.0 nmols	Active	Gracza, 1985
		In vitro	Not stated	Inactive	Antonious et al., 1983
Copisine	Alkaloid	In vitro/ Brain	ID <sub>50</sub> 5.8 μmols	Strong activity	Ulrichova et al., 1983
Cordifoline	Alkaloid	In vitro	Dose variable	Inactive	Cardoso et al., 2004
Cordifoline, desoxy	Alkaloid	In vitro/ Brain	Dose variable	Active	Cardoso et al., 2004
Cotisine, pseudo	Alkaloid	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 0.011 nmols	Active	Ulrichova et al., 1983
		In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 1.30 μmols/L	Active	Ulrichova et al., 1985
		In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 1.3 μmols	Strong activity	Ulrichova et al., 1983
		In vitro	17.6 μmols	Active	Bruhlmann et al., 2001
Coumarin, 7-hydroxy-3',4-dimethyl	Coumarin	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 0.13 nmols	Active	Kang et al., 2001
Coumarin, 7-hydroxy-6-(2(R)-hydroxy-3-methyl-but-3-enyl	Coumarin	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 0.24 nmols	Active	Kang et al., 2001
Coumarin, 7-methoxy-5'-prenyl-oxy	Coumarin	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 0.13 nmols	Active	Mroue; Alam, 1991
Crooksine	Alkaloid	In vitro	3.06 mcg/mL	Active	Korutlu; Kumar, 1994
Cureumin	Benzoid	In vitro	20.0 μmols	Active	Rahman et al., 2001
Cyclomicrophylline A	Alkaloid	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 235.0 μmols	Active	Kuno et al., 1996
Cycloopenin	Alkaloid	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 2.04 μmols	Weak activity	Kuno et al., 1996
Cyclophostin	Oxygen heterocycle	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 76.0 nmols	Active	Kurokawa et al., 1993
		In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 76.0 nmols	Active	Rahman et al., 2001
Cyclopriobuxin C	Alkaloid	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 38.8 μmols	Active	Rahman et al., 2001
Cyclovirobuxine A	Alkaloid	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 105.7 μmols	Active	Miyazawa et al., 1997
Cymene, para	Monoterpene	In vitro	1.2 mmols	Weak activity	Welch et al., 1992
Cysteine, S-allyl	Proteid	In vitro	400.0 mcg/mL	Weak activity	Kang et al., 2001
Decursin	Coumarin	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 0.39 nmols	Active	Dhar et al., 1986
Deguelin	Coumarin	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 28.0 μmols	Weak activity	Ashack et al., 1980
Delavine	Flavonoid	In vitro	0.40 mcg/mL	Active	Rahman et al., 2002b
Derristic acid	Alkaloid	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 105.5 μmols	Active	Ashack et al., 1980
Elaic acid	Benzoid	In vitro/ Ileum	Not stated	Inactive	Ho et al., 1999
Embelin	Coumarin	In vitro	Not stated	Active	Kang et al., 2001
Evodiamine, dehydro	Quinoid	In vivo	20.0 mg/kg	Active	Dhar et al., 1986
Fagaronine	Alkaloid	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 37.8 μmols	Active	Park et al., 1996
Falecoconitine	Alkaloid	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 1.5 μmols/L	Active	Ulrichova et al., 1986
Fangchinoline	Alkaloid	In vitro	20.0 microliters	Active	Rahman et al., 2000
Fangchinoline, 2'-nor	Alkaloid	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 3.2 μmols	Active	Ogino et al., 1997
Fangchinoline, 2,2'- <i>N,N</i> -dior	Alkaloid	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 10.0 nmols	Active	Ogino et al., 1992
Fangchinoline, 2-N-nor	Alkaloid	In vitro	ID <sub>50</sub> 5.8 μmols	Active	Ogino et al., 1997
			IC <sub>50</sub> 6.2 μmols	Active	Ogino et al., 1997

Fasciculin 2	Proteid	In vitro	Not stated	Tai et al., 2002
Fawcettimine	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Tan et al., 2000
Fenchone	Monoterpenes	In vitro	1.0 nmols	Gracza, 1985
Penfangjine E	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 3.9 μmols	Ogino et al., 1997
Flavanone, 2(S): 2',5-dihydroxy-5',7-dimethoxy	Flavonoid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 28.0 μmols	Ahmad et al., 2003
Flavone, 2',4',5,7-tetrahydroxy-3,5',6,8-tetramethoxy	Flavonoid	In vitro	50.0 ppm	Calderon et al., 2001
Flavone, 2',5,7-trihydroxy-3,4',5',6,8-pentamethoxy	Flavonoid	In vitro	50.0 ppm	Calderon et al., 2001
Flavone, 2',5-dihydroxy-3,4',5',6,7,8-hexahexamethoxy	Flavonoid	In vitro	50.0 ppm	Calderon et al., 2001
Flavone, 4',5,7-trihydroxy-3,6,8-trimethoxy	Flavonoid	In vitro	50.0 ppm	Calderon et al., 2001
Forticine	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Rahman et al., 2002b
Funtumiafine C	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 45.75 μmols	Kalauni et al., 2002
Funtumine, N-methyl	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 97.61 μmols	Kalauni et al., 2002
Galanthamine	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Greenwood, 1998
		In vitro/ Brain	0.01 mmols	Tonkopi; prozorovskii, 1976
		In vivo	4.0 mg/kg	Tonkopi; prozorovskii, 1976
		In vivo	Not stated	Prozorovskii et al., 1996
		In vitro/ Brain	IC <sub>50</sub> 40.0 μmols	Harvey, 1995
		In vivo/ Plasma	3.0 mg/kg	Pak et al., 2001
		In vivo/ Brain	3.0 mg/kg	Pak et al., 2001
		In vitro	0.01 mcg/plate	Marston et al., 2002
		In vitro	0.01 mcg/mL	Rhee et al., 2001
		In vitro	0.6 mcg/plate	Rhee et al., 2001
		In vitro	0.2 mcg/plate	Rhee et al., 2001
		In vitro	Not stated	Greenblatt et al., 1999
		In vitro	Not stated	Perry et al., 2000
		In vitro	LC <sub>50</sub> 5.96 mg/mL	Singh et al., 1999
		In vitro	1.0 μmols	Benishin et al., 1991
Galanthamine, (-)	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 225.0 μmols	Mroue et al., 1996
Ceraniol	Monoterpenes	In vitro	Dose variable	Cardoso et al., 2004
Gingerol, 6	Benzoid	In vitro	0.5 mg/ml	Mahmoud et al., 1987
Ginsenoside RB-1	Triterpenes	In vitro	Not stated	Guntern et al., 2003
Haplophytine	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Brühlmann et al., 2001
Harman-3-carboxylic acid	Alkaloid	In vitro	In vitro	
Heliotrine	Alkaloid	In vitro		
Heliotropamide	Alkaloid	In vitro		
Herniarin, 3,4-dimethyl	Coumarin	In vitro		

	Hispidone	Flavonoid	Ahmad et al., 2003
	Huperzine A	Alkaloid	Tan et al., 2000
			Tan et al., 2002
			Cheng; Tang, 1998
			Cheng; Tang, 1998
			Anon, 1992a
			Grunwald et al., 1994
			Kozikowski et al., 1995
			Anon, 1992b
			Wang et al., 2000
			Rajendran et al., 2000
			Hogenauer et al., 2001
			Zhao; Tang, 2002
			Li et al., 2004
			Kozikowski et al., 1991
			Anon, 1991
			Zhang et al., 2002b
			Yamada et al., 1991
			Mc-Kinney et al., 1991
			Tang et al., 1994
			Tang et al., 1994
			Camps et al., 2000a
			Zhang et al., 2000b
			He et al., 2003
			Yamada et al., 1991
			Mc-Kinney et al., 1991
			Tang et al., 1994
			Tang et al., 1994
			Camps et al., 2000b
			Yamada et al., 1991
			Kozikowski et al., 1991
			Mc-Kinney et al., 1991
			Kozikowski et al., 1991b
			Wang et al., 1999
			Kozikowski et al., 1996
	Huperzine A, (+)	Alkaloid	
	Huperzine A, (-)	Alkaloid	
	Huperzine A, (DL)	Alkaloid	
	Huperzine A, 1-methyl Huperzine A, 10,10-dimethyl	Alkaloid	
	Huperzine A, <i>cis</i> : (DL)	Alkaloid	
	Huperzine B	Alkaloid	Liu et al., 1999
	Huperzine C	Alkaloid	Liu and Huang, 1994
	Huperzine D	Alkaloid	Liu and Huang, 1994
	Huperzine P		
			Tan et al., 2000

Huperzine R	Alkaloid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 0.082 $\mu$ moles	Strong activity	Tan et al., 2002
				Weak activity	
Huperzineine	Alkaloid	In vitro	95.0 $\mu$ moles	Weak activity	Liu; Huang, 1994
				Inactive	
Hyrcanine, (-)	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Weak activity	Rahman et al., 1998
				Active	
lantheran A	Oxygen heterocycle	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 10.0 $\mu$ moles	Active	Okamoto et al., 2001
				Active	
lantheran B	Oxygen heterocycle	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 3.0 $\mu$ moles	Active	Okamoto et al., 2001
				Active	
Imperatorin, iso	Coumarin	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 3.0 $\mu$ moles	Active	Kang et al., 2001
				Active	
Imperialine	Alkaloid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 69.0 $\mu$ moles	Active	Rahman et al., 2002b
				Inactive	
Impericine	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Active	Rahman et al., 2002b
				Active	
Ionone, $\alpha$	Sesquiterpene	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 67.97 $\mu$ moles	Active	Miyazawa et al., 1998
				Active	
Ionone, $\beta$	Sesquiterpene	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 36.7 mcg/mL	Active	Miyazawa et al., 1998
				Active	
Isatin	Alkaloid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 53.3 mcg/mL	Active	Kumar et al., 1993
				Active	
Jasmine, <i>cis</i>	Alicyclic	In vitro/ Brain	1.5 $\mu$ moles	Weak activity	Miyazawa et al., 1998
				Active	
Kobophenol A	Benzoid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 78.3 mcg/mL	Weak activity	Sung et al., 2002
				Active	
Lanceonigine	Alkaloid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 115.8 $\mu$ moles	Weak activity	Mrone et al., 1996
				Active	
Leurocristine	Alkaloid	In vivo	1.5 mcg/animal	Active	Kozik et al., 19831
				Equivocal	
Limonene, (+)	Monoterpene	In vitro	1.2 $\mu$ moles	Active	Miyazawa et al., 1997
				Equivocal	
Limonene, (-)	Monoterpene	In vitro	1.2 $\mu$ moles	Active	Miyazawa et al., 1997
				Inactive	
Linalool, (DL)	Monoterpene	In vitro	Not stated	Active	Perry et al., 2000
				Active	
Lupinine	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Active	Tilyabaev; Abdulkhabarov, 1998
				Active	
Lupinine, epi	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Active	Tilyabaev; Abdulkhabarov, 1998
				Inactive	
Lycoposerramine A	Alkaloid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 67.0 $\mu$ moles	Active	Takayama et al., 2001
				Active	
Marmesin	Coumarin	In vitro	200.0 $\mu$ moles	Active	Kang et al., 2001
				Active	
Melochninine, (>):(R)	Alkaloid	In vitro	100.0 mg/L	Active	Brauer et al., 1982
				Active	
Menth-1-ene, <i>para</i> :(+)	Monoterpene	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 1.64 $\mu$ moles	Active	Miyazawa et al., 1997
				Active	
Menthol, (+)	Monoterpene	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 2.0 $\mu$ moles	Weak activity	Miyazawa et al., 1997
				Equivocal	
Menthol, (-)	Monoterpene	In vitro	1.2 $\mu$ moles	Active	Miyazawa et al., 1997
				Active	
Menthol, iso: (+)	Monoterpene	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 1.42 $\mu$ moles	Weak activity	Miyazawa et al., 1997
				Strog activity	
Menthone, (-)	Monoterpene	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 1.57 $\mu$ moles	Active	Rahman et al., 1998
				Active	
Menthone, iso: (+)	Alkaloid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 10.0 $\mu$ moles/mL	Active	Choudhary et al., 2002
				Inactive	
Moenjodaramine, homo	Alkaloid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 10.0 $\mu$ moles/mL	Active	Choudhary et al., 2002
				Weak activity	
Murranganon	Coumarin	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 79.14 $\mu$ moles	Active	Ashack et al., 1980
				Active	
Murrangatin, 2'-O-ethyl	Coumarin	In vitro	Not stated	Weak activity	Miyazawa et al., 1998
				Active	
Mutarotenone	Flavonoid	In vitro	0.24 mcg/mL	Weak activity	Kalauni et al., 2001
				Active	
Naphthy ketone, $\beta$ -nethyl	Polycyclic	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 55.0 mcg/mL	Weak activity	Kalauni et al., 2001
				Active	
Nepapakistanamine A	Alkaloid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 50.1 $\mu$ moles	Active	Kang et al., 2001
				Active	
Nodakenin	Coumarin	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 68.0 $\mu$ moles	Active	Miyazawa et al., 2001
				Active	
Nootkatone	Sesquiterpene	In vitro	0.16 mcg/mL	Active	Miyazawa et al., 2001
				Active	

Nupharidine, 7-epi: deoxy (-)	Alkaloid	In vitro	0.5 nmols/L	Strong activity
Nupharidine, deoxy Nupharinine, (-)	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Active
Nupharolutine	Alkaloid	In vitro	0.5 nmols	Weak activity
Onocerin, $\alpha$	Triterpen	In vitro	0.5 nmols/L	Active
Pachycarpine	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 5.2 $\mu$ mol	Active
Pachysamine, epi: 2- $\beta$ -hydroxy	Alkaloid	In vivo	Dose variable	Inactive
Palmitine	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 78.2 nmols	Active
Paniculatin	Flavonoid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 124.5 $\mu$ mol	Weak activity
Pericycline, 10-methoxy-N-1-methyl	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 31.65 $\mu$ mol	Active
Persicanidine A	Coumarin	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 0.18 nmols	Active
Peucedanone	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Weak activity
Phlegmariunine B	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 31.65 $\mu$ mol	Active
Physostigmine	Alkaloid	In vitro	0.01 mcg/plate	Active
(+)-Physostigmine, (-)	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 61.0 nmols	Active
Physostigmine, nor	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Active
Primara-7,15-dien-1-one, iso: 14-hydroxy	Diterpene	In vitro	Not stated	Active
Primara-7,15-diene, iso: 1 $\beta$ -14 $\alpha$ -dihydroxy	Diterpene	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 56.0 nmols	Active
Primara-8,15-dien-14-one, iso: 7 $\beta$ -hydroxy	Diterpene	In vitro	0.2 mcg/mL	Active
Pinene, $\alpha$	Monoterpene	In vitro	25.0 mcg/plate	Weak activity
Pinene, $\beta$	Monoterpene	In vitro	0.5 mcg/plate	Active
Pinosylvin monomethyl ether	Stilbene	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 0.63 nmols	Active
Protoberberine	Alkaloid	In vitro/ Brain	4.7 nmols	Active
Ptilosarccone	Diterpene	In vitro	10.0 nmols	Active
Pulegone, iso: (-)	Diterpene	In vitro	0.034 nmols	Active
Pulegone, (+)	Monoterpene	In vitro	Not stated	Active
Resorcinol, dimethoxy- pentadecyl	Monoterpene	In vitro	0.36 nmols	Active
Resorcinol, heptadecenyl	Monoterpene	In vitro	Not stated	Active
Resorcinol, heptadecyl	Benzoid	In vitro	1.5 nmols	Active
Resorcinol, pentadecyl	Benzoid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 2.0 nmols	Active
Resorcinol, tricosenyl	Benzoid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 0.89 nmols	Active
Resorcinol, tricosyl	Benzoid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 62.0 $\mu$ mol	Active
Resveratrol	Stilbene	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 25.0 $\mu$ mol	Active
Rhapontin	Stilbene	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 65.0 $\mu$ mol	Active
Rotenone	Flavonoid	In vitro/ Ileum	IC <sub>50</sub> 90.0 $\mu$ mol	Active
			IC <sub>50</sub> 24.0 $\mu$ mol	Active
			IC <sub>50</sub> 18.0 $\mu$ mol	Active
			Not stated	Inactive
			Not stated	Inactive
			0.4 mcg/mL	Inactive

Rotenone, dehydro	Flavonoid	In vitro/ Ileum	Not stated	Inactive
Rotenone, dihydro	Flavonoid	In vitro/ Ileum	0.155 mcg/mL	Weak activity
Rotenone, iso	Flavonoid	In vitro/ Ileum	0.62 mcg/mL	Weak activity
Salignenamide	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 19.99 μmols	Active
Salignenamide A	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 50.64 μmols	Active
Salignenamide C	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 61.3 μmols	Active
Salignenamide D	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 185.2 μmols	Active
Salignenamide E	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 6.21 μmols	Active
Salignenamide F	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 6.357 μmols	Active
Salonine A	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 33.4 μmols	Active
Salonine B	Alkaloid	In vitro	Not stated	Inactive
Sangailutine	Alkaloid	In vitro/ Brain	ID <sub>50</sub> 0.011 mmols	Active
Sanguinarine	Alkaloid	In vitro/ Brain	IC <sub>50</sub> 10.9 μmols	Weak activity
Sanguirubine	Diterpene	In vitro/ Brain	Not stated	Active
Saracodine, N(3)-demethyl	Alkaloid	In vitro/ Brain	ID <sub>50</sub> 0.035 mmols	Active
Sarcophine	Alkaloid	In vitro/ Brain	ID <sub>50</sub> 0.06 mmols	Active
Sarcorine	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 204.2 μmols	Weak activity
Sarsaligenone	Alkaloid	In vitro/ Ileum	0.2 mg/L	Active
Sarsaligenone	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 69.99 μmols	Active
Schisandrin	Ligan	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 5.83 μmols	Active
Scirpus fluviatilis trimer	Benzenoid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 7.02 μmols	Active
Secodine, tetrahydro:	Alkaloid	In vitro	3.0 mg/Kg	Active
decarbomethoxy	Alkaloid	In vitro	2.88 mcg/mL	Active
Securinine, dihydro	Alkaloid	In vitro	0.21 μmols	Active
Semperviraminol	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 0.203 mmols	Active
Sieboldine A	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 18.9 mcg/mL	Active
Silymarin	Flavonoid	In vitro	Not stated	Inactive
Sinularia cembranoid 1	Diterpene	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 2.0 μmols	Active
Sparteine	Alkaloid	In vitro	100.0 mg/kg	Inactive
Strictosidine	Alkaloid	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 63.0 μmols	Inactive
Strictosidine, 5α-carboxy	Alkaloid	In vitro	Dose variable	Inactive
Strictosidine, 3,4-dihydro	Alkaloid	In vitro	Dose variable	Inactive
Strictosidinic acid, 3,4-dihydro	Alkaloid	In vitro	Dose variable	Inactive
Strychnine	Sesquiterpene	In vitro	Dose variable	Inactive
Suberogorgin	Alkaloid	In vivo	5.0 mg/kg	Inactive
		In vitro	4.03 mol	Active
		In vitro	4.92 mol	Active
		In vitro/ Ileum	0.1 nmols	Active
Suberosin, 7-demethyl	Coumarin	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 2.4 nmols	Active
Syringaresinol	Ligan	In vitro	IC <sub>50</sub> 200.0 mcg/mL	Active
Terpinen-4-ol, (+)	Monoterpenes	In vitro	1.2 nmols	Equivocal
Terpinen-4-ol, (-)	Monoterpenes	In vitro	1.2 nmols	Equivocal

Terpinene, $\alpha$	Monoterpene	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 1.0 nmols	Active
Terpinene, $\gamma$	Monoterpene	In vitro	1.2 nmols	Equivocal
		In vitro	4.7 nmols	Inactive
		In vitro	4.7 nmols	Inactive
Terpineol	Monoterpene	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 0.2 $\mu$ mol	Active
Terreulactone A'	Sesquiterpene	In vitro	0.5 ng/mL	Active
Territrem A'	Triterpene	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 7.6 nmols	Active
Territrem B	Triterpene	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 7.6 nmols	Strong activity
		In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 0.008 $\mu$ mol	Strong activity
		In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 0.26 $\mu$ mol	Active
		In vitro	5.0 ng/mL	Active
		In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 6.8 nmols	Active
		In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 6.8 nmols	Strong activity
		In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 0.007 $\mu$ mol	Strong activity
		In vitro	300.0 $\mu$ mol	Inactive
Territrem B'	Triterpene			
Territrem C	Triterpene			
Thiocyanate, iso:	Sulfur compound			
benzyl				
Thymol	Monoterpene	In vitro	$LC_{50}$ 2.89 mg/L	Active
		In vitro	1.0 nmols	Active
		In vitro	Not stated	Inactive
		In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 108.0 $\mu$ mol	Active
		In vitro	Dose variable	Active
		In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 28.0 $\mu$ mol	Active
Toosendanin	Triterpene	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 0.01 $\mu$ mol	Active
Tubotaiwine	Alkaloid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 29.0 nmols	Weak activity
Turbinatine	Alkaloid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 7.5 nmols	Active
Turbotoxin A	Alkaloid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 8.59 $\mu$ mol	Active
Ulosantoin	Alkaloid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 46.9 $\mu$ mol	Active
Umbelliferone	Coumarin	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 57.0 $\mu$ mol	Active
Ursolic acid	Triterpene	In vitro		
Vaganine A	Alkaloid	In vitro		
Vaganine D, (-)	Alkaloid	In vitro		
Vinervine, 16-decarbomethoxy	Alkaloid	In vitro		
Viniferin, $\alpha$	Benzenoid	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 2.0 $\mu$ mol	Active
Xanthotoxin	Coumarin	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 54.0 $\mu$ mol	Active
Xanthyletin	Coumarin	In vitro	$IC_{50}$ 0.15 mmols	Active
Xyloketal A	Oxygen heterocycle	In vitro	1.5 $\mu$ mol	Active
Zoanthoxanthin, pseudo	Alkaloid	In vitro	4.0 $\mu$ mol	Active