

Periphytic algal flora of the lower Doce river basin after ore tailings flow, Espírito Santo State, Brazil: Sampling design and methods

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ABSTRACT - (Periphytic algal flora of the lower Doce river basin after ore tailings flow, Espírito Santo State, Brazil: Sampling design and methods). The present work aims to describe the sampling design and the methods used in the series “Periphytic algal flora of the Lower Doce River basin (Espírito Santo State, Brazil) after ore tailings flow”. This series will present the biodiversity of periphytic algae registered during the Aquatic Biodiversity Monitoring Program, Environmental Area I, carried out in the Lower Doce River basin three years after the passage of the ore tailings from Fundão dam (Mariana, Minas Gerais). Samples from the periphytic community were collected monthly, between October/2018 and February/2020, at five sampling stations in lotic environments and seven in lentic environments of the basin. These samples were fixed and the taxa will be identified and described, following specific methods. These taxa will be presented in sequential fascicles, split according to their taxonomic and morphological classification. More than 900 taxa have been recorded in this survey. This is the first taxonomic study about inland algae carried out in the Lower Doce River basin.

Keywords: epilithon, epiphyton, freshwater diversity, lakes, rivers

RESUMO - (Flora de algas perifíticas da bacia do baixo rio Doce, após a passagem de rejeitos de minério, Estado do Espírito Santo, Brasil: Delineamento amostral e métodos). O presente trabalho tem como objetivo descrever o delineamento amostral e os métodos utilizados na série “Flora de algas perifíticas da bacia do baixo rio Doce, após a passagem de rejeitos de minério, Estado do Espírito Santo, Brasil”. Esta série apresentará a biodiversidade de algas perifíticas registradas durante o Programa de Monitoramento da Biodiversidade Aquática, Área Ambiental I, realizado na bacia do baixo rio Doce três anos após a passagem do rejeito de minério da barragem de Fundão, Mariana, Estado de Minas Gerais. Foram coletadas mensalmente mensalmente, entre outubro/2018 e fevereiro/2020, amostras da comunidade perifítica em cinco estações amostrais em ambientes lóticos e sete em ambientes lênticos da bacia. Essas amostras foram fixadas e os táxons serão identificados e descritos, seguindo métodos específicos. Esses táxons serão apresentados em fascículos sequenciais, divididos de acordo com sua classificação taxonômica e morfológica. Mais de 900 táxons foram registrados no levantamento. Este é o primeiro trabalho taxonômico sobre algas continentais realizado na bacia do baixo rio Doce.

Palavras-chave: epilítion, epifítion, diversidade de água doce, lagos, rios

Introduction

Phycofloristic studies are important for the local and regional biodiversity knowledge (Bicudo 2020), for species autecology, and also to correct identification of these organisms when they are used in biomonitoring programs (Hamada & Ferreira-Keppler 2012). Menezes et al. (2015) recorded 4,747 species of algae and cyanobacteria for Brazil. This number is increasing even more with several study efforts, such as the algae flora of streams in the Parnaíba River basin (Auricchio et al. 2019), checklist of the *Cosmarium* in Brazil (Biolo & Bicudo 2018), floristic survey of urban parks (D'alessandro & Nogueira 2017), and descriptions of new species (Ramos et al. 2017, Lehmkuhl et al. 2019, Ramos et al. 2019, Zorral-Almeida et al. 2020). One of the most relevant studies about Brazilian microalgae flora is the survey of the ‘Algal Flora of the Parque Estadual

das Fontes do Ipiranga (PEFI)’, which started in 1962 and registered 869 taxa in 42 fascicles (Bicudo 2020).

Algal flora of inland waters in Espírito Santo State, considering peer-reviewed works with illustration and description, is represented by Delazari-Barroso et al. (2007), recording phytoplankton community (except diatoms) from a dam, and the description of new cyanobacteria species (Senna et al. 1999). Thus, considering the high density of aquatic ecosystems in the State (Barroso 2007), the knowledge about the continental algae flora is practically null. This fact is aggravated by the threats to aquatic ecosystems that are increasing in frequency (Dudgeon et al. 2006, Reid et al. 2019), which lead to a decreasing in algal diversity (Wengrat et al. 2018) before they could be observed by researchers. For Espírito Santo State, it can be mentioned the case of Fundão dam rupture, in 2015, which released more than 43 million square meters of iron ore tailings in Rio Doce basin waters (Renova 2016). The

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tailings load drastically affected the Doce river, which has been historically contaminated by mining, causing a substantial increase in the loading of suspended sediments and transported various dissolved metals, such as iron and aluminium (Hatje et al. 2017). Besides the contamination of the main channel of Doce River, some adjacent lake ecosystems in the basin were also affected by the tailings. Although data about the effects in periphytic community integrity has not yet been published, it is important to highlight that surveys of the flora of microalgae (both periphyton and phytoplankton) were non-existent. For this reason, the real species pool in the region before the tailings pass is unknown, making it difficult to understand the real impact on the algae flora.

Works with periphytic algae community in Espírito Santo State are restricted to ecological approaches (e.g. Cavati & Fernandes 2007, Almeida & Fernandes 2013). This community is an important component of aquatic biodiversity (Lowe & Pan 1996) playing important roles in ecological processes, such as trophic chain (Vadeboncoeur & Steinman 2002) and biogeochemical cycles (Hagerthey et al. 2011), and it is considered an important bioindicator of the integrity of aquatic ecosystems (Lobo et al. 2014). Then, it is crucial to know which species make up the current regional pool of the Lower Doce River basin. This paper aims to describe the sample design and methods for the development of the series “Periphytic algal flora of the Lower Doce River basin (Espírito Santo State, Brazil) after ore tailings flow”. This series will be divided into fascicles according to taxonomic groups found in the periphytic community of the lentic and lotic aquatic ecosystems of the Lower Doce river studied in the Aquatic Biodiversity Monitoring Program, Environmental Area I, Periphyton

project, carried out by the research group “Rede Rio Doce-Mar”, starting to unravel their algae biodiversity.

Material and Methods

Study area - Lower Doce River basin is fully located in the State of Espírito Santo, southeast Brazil ($41^{\circ}30'$ to $39^{\circ}30'$ W and $19^{\circ}30'$ to $20^{\circ}30'$ S) in the Tertiary plateaus formed by Barreiras Formation and the Quaternary Coastal Plain (Salinas et al. 2020). Its drainage area covers about 11,921 km² and contains about 90 smaller lakes, including the second largest Brazilian freshwater lake (Juparanã) (Barroso et al. 2012). According to the Köppen classification, region climate is Aw (humid tropical with dry winter) (Nóbrega et al. 2008) and seasonality can be divided into dry (April to September) and rainy (October to March) seasons (RRDM 2019), with 1,123 mm of average annual rainfall (Salinas et al. 2020). Lakes and lagoons in Lower Doce River, due to their formation, are often connected with Doce River in a bidirectional flow that varies according to the level of the river. Lower Doce River riparian area is highly degraded, with a large portion with more than 80% deforested (Pires et al. 2017), one of the causes of the intense silting up of rivers. Discharge of untreated domestic sewage in most municipalities in the basin has also caused the degradation of the water quality of the Doce River and its tributaries (ANA 2016).

Sampling design and material preparing - Samples were collected in four sampling sites in shallow lakes (Areão - E23, Areal - E24, and Monsarás - E25 and E25a), three in deep lakes (Limão - E18, Nova - E19, and Juparanã - E20), four in Doce River (E0, E21, E22, E26), and one in its affluent (Guandu river - E17) (figure 1).

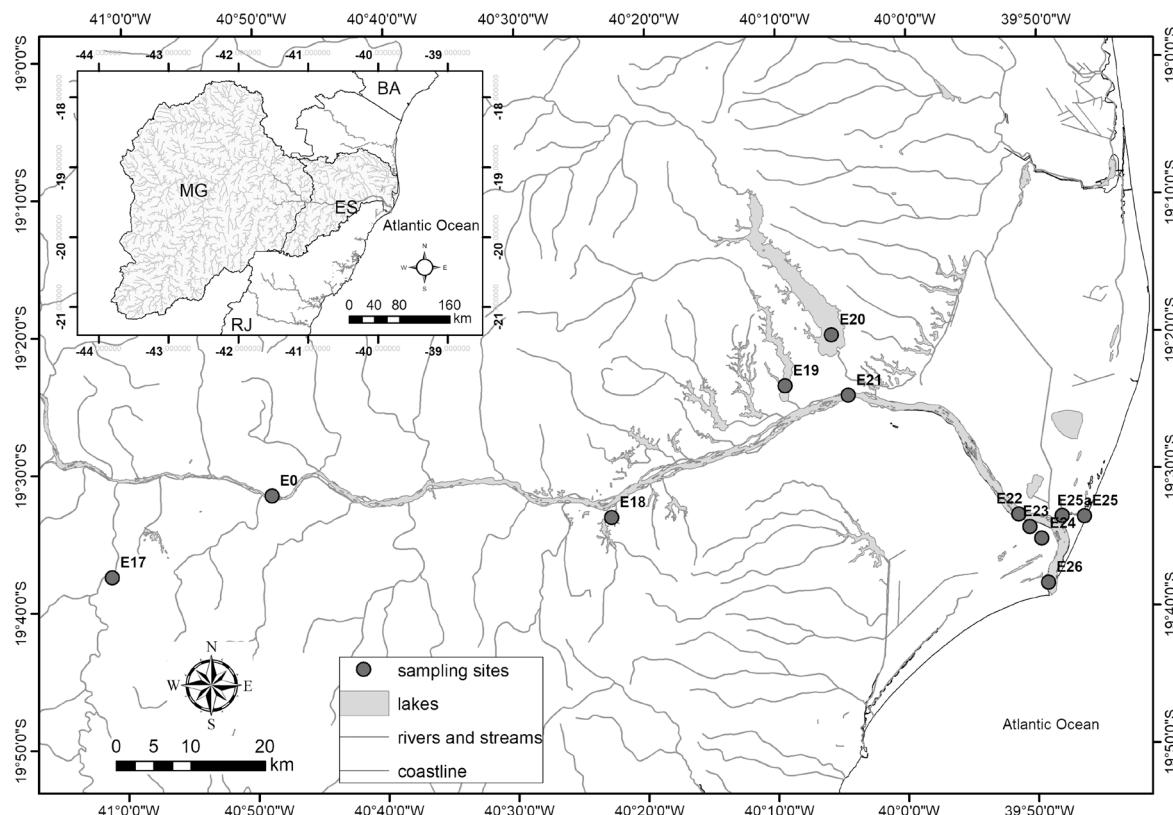


Figure 1. Sampling stations in the lower Doce river basin, Espírito Santo State, Brazil. Development by Gilberto F. Barroso.

Our choices of the sampling sites were based on environmental kind (river, lake, lagoon) and the possible impact of the ore tailing. Samplings were carried out monthly between October 2018 and February 2020 (except for October 2019 due to logistic problems). Periphytic material was collected from different substrates in littoral zone, such as pebbles and macrophytes. Whenever possible, the same kind of substrate was collected at each sampling station throughout the campaign. Substrates were transported to the laboratory in refrigerated recipients containing a small amount of distilled water to keep samples humid. At the laboratory, periphytic material was scraped from the substrates with a smooth bristle brush and small jets of distilled water (following recommendations in Ferragut et al. 2013). All biological material was fixed and preserved with 3-5% formalin solution. For diatoms, organic materials were removed using hydrogen peroxide (H_2O_2 35%) and hydrochloric acid (HCl 10%), following Battarbee et al. (2001), and permanent slides were mounted using Naphrax® (IR = 1.73) as the inclusion medium. Samples were deposited at the Herbário VIES at Federal University of Espírito Santo. We created for each herbarium sample a code that will be used to represent all information about the deposited sample (such as locality, sampling date, herbarium number, and substrate), as shown in table 2. For this purpose, we considered that all periphytic samples were collected in Espírito Santo State, Brazil.

Conductivity and pH were measured in the field (YSI Horiba U-53 or Exo2 multiparameter) and superficial water samples were taken to determine total iron (Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic Spectrometry with detection by Spectrometry of Masses - ICP-MS), total phosphorous (Valderrama 1981), and chlorophyll-a (fluorimetric method; Barroso & Littlepage 1998). Trophic state index was calculated following Lamparelli (2004). For more details about abiotic variables, see RRDM (2019). These variables were selected since they represent ecosystem metabolism, eutrophication, and metal content in water.

Taxonomic and ecological analysis - For non-diatom species, a minimum of five non-permanent slides were prepared for each sample for the taxonomic survey and specimens were observed and photographed.

For diatoms species, the analysis were conducted in a full permanent slide per sampling site. Observed taxonomic features and the bibliography used in identification will be described in each fascicule, as it is specific to each algae group. Autecology will be based on the environmental variables range in which the species were found. Yet, taxa distribution was assess using the frequency of occurrence and will be calculated to classify them according to the categories in Matteucci & Colma (1982): Very Frequent: VF (> 70%), Frequent: F (≤ 70% and > 40%), Little Frequent: LF (≤ 40% and > 10%), and Rare: R (≤ 10%).

Results and Discussion

During the survey, 185 samples were collected along the Lower Doce River basin. Some samples could not be collected due to difficulty in accessing the sample station, or loss of the sample during transport. Sampling stations coordinates and environmental characterization (based on the variables used for the autecology of the species) are shown in table 1. The environments were characterized by a wide range of conductivity, total iron, and trophic states (from ultraoligotrophic to supereutrophic). Only the sampling stations of the lagoons could be classified as slight acid in some campaigns, while pH in other sampling stations never were less than 7. For more details on the ecosystem characteristics, see RRDM (2019). Table 2 shows the herbarium numbers and other related features and substrates from which periphytic material was scraped in each sampling site.

More than 900 taxa (~ 17 Classes) have already been registered and, "even though not all taxa identification have been finished", we found that the most representative Classes were Bacillariophyceae (~300 taxa), Zygnematophyceae (~185 taxa), Cyanophyceae (~145 taxa), and Chlorophyceae (~125 taxa). After identification and description, these taxa will be grouped according to taxonomic groups (e.g., genus *Cosmarium*) and/or their morphology (e.g., coccoid Cyanophyceae), according to the number of species. Each group will compose a fascicule of the series about periphytic flora of the Lower Doce River basin, which will

Table 1: Sampling sites location and range of environmental conditions, Espírito Santo State, Brazil. Cond: conductivity. Fe: total iron. Trophic state - Ult: Ultraoligotrophic. Oli: oligotrophic. Mes: Mesotrophic. Eut: Eutrophic. Sup: Supereutrophic.

| | | Longitude | Latitude | $\mu S\ cm^{-1}$ | | mg L ⁻¹ | |
|------|---------------------------------|------------|------------|------------------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| E17 | Guandu River | -41.018933 | -19.625037 | 68-89 | 7.3-8.8 | 1.6-4.9 | Ult-Mes |
| E0 | Doce River, Itapina | -40.813257 | -19.527360 | 56-121 | 7.1-8.5 | 0.8-3.0 | Oli-Mes |
| E21 | Doce River, Linhares | -40.070736 | -19.406685 | 63-91 | 7.3-8.3 | 1.2-5.8 | Oli-Eut |
| E22 | Doce River, Povoação | -39.851833 | -19.552639 | 53-105 | 7.3-8.5 | 1.5-7.1 | Oli-Eut |
| E26 | Doce River Mouth, Regência | -39.809056 | -19.630433 | 52-1283 | 7.3-8.8 | 0.8-4.3 | Oli-Eut |
| E18 | Limão Lake | -40.378119 | -19.557439 | 106-129 | 7.3-8.4 | 0.2-2.3 | Oli-Sup |
| E19 | Nova Lake | -40.155113 | -19.399453 | 95-99 | 7.4-8.4 | 0.1-1.0 | Oli-Eut |
| E20 | Juparanã Lake | -40.095428 | -19.337758 | 88-93 | 7.2-8.6 | 0.5-1.6 | Oli-Sup |
| E23 | Areão Lake | -39.843178 | -19.571617 | 90-114 | 6.7-7.9 | 1.3-2.6 | Oli-Mes |
| E24 | Areal Lake | -39.828164 | -19.585964 | 122-160 | 6.8-8.2 | 1.6-5.7 | Oli-Sup |
| E25a | Monsarás Lake (near the bridge) | -39.801728 | -19.558696 | 154-7067 | 6.4-7.8 | 1.7-4.3 | Oli-Sup |
| E25 | Monsarás Lake (near the beach) | -39.773448 | -19.558964 | 483-4631 | 6.8-8.5 | 0.9-3.4 | Oli-Sup |

Table 2: Sample codes, herbarium numbers and attached information about locality, date, substrate and collector, lower Doce river basin after ore tailings flow, Espírito Santo State, Brazil.

| Sample Code | Herbarium number | Sample | Locality | Date | Substrates | Collector |
|-------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|---|--------------------|
| BRDE17A01 | VIES Microalga 9800001 | E17 out/18 | Baixo Guandu | 2018-X-23 | Pebble | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE0A01 | VIES Microalga 9800002 | E0 out/18 | Colatina | 2018-X-24 | <i>Ipomoea</i> sp.; Pebble | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE21A01 | VIES Microalga 9800003 | E21 out/18 | Linhares | 2018-X-24 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE26A01 | VIES Microalga 9800004 | E26 out/18 | Linhares | 2018-X-22 | Poaceae; Dead branch | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE18A01 | VIES Microalga 9800005 | E18 out/18 | Colatina | 2018-X-23 | <i>Eleocharis</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE19A01 | VIES Microalga 9800006 | E19 out/18 | Linhares | 2018-X-25 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE20A01 | VIES Microalga 9800007 | E20 out/18 | Linhares | 2018-X-25 | Poaceae | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE23A01 | VIES Microalga 9800008 | E23 out/18 | Linhares | 2018-X-26 | <i>Nymphaea</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE24A01 | VIES Microalga 9800009 | E24 out/18 | Linhares | 2018-X-26 | <i>Nymphaea</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE25A01 | VIES Microalga 9800010 | E25 out/18 | Linhares | 2018-X-25 | <i>Typha</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE25aA01 | VIES Microalga 9800011 | E25A out/18 | Linhares | 2018-X-25 | <i>Nymphaea</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE17A02 | VIES Microalga 9800012 | E17 nov/18 | Baixo Guandu | 2018-XI-21 | Pebble | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE00A02 | VIES Microalga 9800013 | E0 nov/18 | Colatina | 2018-XI-21 | <i>Ludwigia</i> sp.; Pebble | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE21A02 | VIES Microalga 9800014 | E21 nov/18 | Linhares | 2018-XI-22 | Apocynaceae; Poaceae | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE22A02 | VIES Microalga 9800015 | E22 nov/18 | Linhares | 2018-XI-19 | Acanthaceae; <i>Mimosa</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE26A02 | VIES Microalga 9800016 | E26 nov/18 | Linhares | 2018-XI-20 | Poaceae; <i>Talipariti pernambucensis</i> | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE18A02 | VIES Microalga 9800017 | E18 nov/18 | Colatina | 2018-XI-20 | <i>Eleocharis</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE19A02 | VIES Microalga 9800018 | E19 nov/18 | Linhares | 2018-XI-22 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE20A02 | VIES Microalga 9800019 | E20 nov/18 | Linhares | 2018-XI-21 | Poaceae | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE25A02 | VIES Microalga 9800020 | E25 nov/18 | Linhares | 2018-XI-19 | <i>Typha</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE25aA02 | VIES Microalga 9800021 | E25A nov/18 | Linhares | 2018-XI-19 | <i>Nymphaea</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE17A03 | VIES Microalga 9800022 | E17 dez/18 | Baixo Guandu | 2018-XII-12 | Pebble | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE00A03 | VIES Microalga 9800023 | E0 dez/18 | Colatina | 2018-XII-12 | <i>Ipomoea</i> sp.; Euphorbiaceae | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE21A03 | VIES Microalga 9800024 | E21 dez/18 | Linhares | 2018-XII-13 | Acanthaceae; Poaceae | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE22A03 | VIES Microalga 9800025 | E22dez/18 | Linhares | 2018-XII-12 | Acanthaceae | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE26A03 | VIES Microalga 9800026 | E26 dez/18 | Linhares | 2018-XII-11 | Amaranthaceae; <i>Talipariti pernambucensis</i> | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE18A03 | VIES Microalga 9800027 | E18 dez/18 | Colatina | 2018-XII-12 | <i>Eleocharis</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE19A03 | VIES Microalga 9800028 | E19 dez/18 | Linhares | 2018-XII-13 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE20A03 | VIES Microalga 9800029 | E20 dez/18 | Linhares | 2018-XII-13 | Poaceae | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE23A03 | VIES Microalga 9800030 | E23 dez/18 | Linhares | 2018-XII-11 | Pontederiaceae | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE24A03 | VIES Microalga 9800031 | E24 dez/18 | Linhares | 2018-XII-11 | <i>Eleocharis</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE25A03 | VIES Microalga 9800032 | E25 dez/18 | Linhares | 2018-XII-11 | <i>Typha</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE25aA03 | VIES Microalga 9800033 | E25A dez/18 | Linhares | 2018-XII-11 | <i>Nymphaea</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE17A04 | VIES Microalga 9800034 | E17 jan/19 | Baixo Guandu | 2019-I-15 | Pebble | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE00A04 | VIES Microalga 9800035 | E0 jan/19 | Colatina | 2019-I-15 | Poaceae; Pebble | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE21A04 | VIES Microalga 9800036 | E21 jan/19 | Linhares | 2019-I-15 | Poaceae | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE22A04 | VIES Microalga 9800037 | E22 jan/19 | Linhares | 2019-I-14 | Dead branch | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE26A04 | VIES Microalga 9800038 | E26 jan/19 | Linhares | 2019-I-16 | Amaranthaceae; <i>Talipariti pernambucense</i> | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE18A04 | VIES Microalga 9800039 | E18 jan/19 | Colatina | 2019-I-17 | <i>Eleocharis</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE19A04 | VIES Microalga 9800040 | E19 jan/19 | Linhares | 2019-I-17 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE20A04 | VIES Microalga 9800041 | E20 jan/19 | Linhares | 2019-I-16 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE23A04 | VIES Microalga 9800042 | E23 jan/19 | Linhares | 2019-I-17 | <i>Eleocharis</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE24A04 | VIES Microalga 9800043 | E24 jan/19 | Linhares | 2019-I-16 | <i>Limnocharis</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE25A04 | VIES Microalga 9800044 | E25 jan/19 | Linhares | 2019-I-14 | <i>Typha domingensis</i> | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE25aA04 | VIES Microalga 9800045 | E25A jan/19 | Linhares | 2019-I-14 | <i>Nymphaea</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE17A05 | VIES Microalga 9800046 | E17 fev/19 | Baixo Guandu | 2019-II-13 | Pebble | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |

continue

Table 2 (continuation)

| Sample Code | Herbarium number | Sample | Locality | Date | Substrates | Collector |
|-------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|---|--------------------|
| BRDE00A05 | VIES Microalga 9800047 | E0 fev/19 | Colatina | 2019-II-13 | Pebble; Dead Branch | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE21A05 | VIES Microalga 9800048 | E21 fev/19 | Linhares | 2019-II-14 | Acanthaceae; Amaranthaceae | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE22A05 | VIES Microalga 9800049 | E22 fev/19 | Linhares | 2019-II-11 | Acanthaceae | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE26A05 | VIES Microalga 9800050 | E26 fev/19 | Linhares | 2019-II-12 | Amaranthaceae; <i>Talipariti pernambucense</i> | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE18A05 | VIES Microalga 9800051 | E18 fev/19 | Colatina | 2019-II-13 | <i>Nymphaea</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE19A05 | VIES Microalga 9800052 | E19 fev/19 | Linhares | 2019-II-14 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE20A05 | VIES Microalga 9800053 | E20 fev/19 | Linhares | 2019-II-14 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE23A05 | VIES Microalga 9800054 | E23 fev/19 | Linhares | 2019-II-12 | <i>Limnocharis</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE24A05 | VIES Microalga 9800055 | E24 fev/19 | Linhares | 2019-II-12 | <i>Nymphaea</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE25A05 | VIES Microalga 9800056 | E25 fev/19 | Linhares | 2019-II-11 | <i>Typha domingensis</i> | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE25aA05 | VIES Microalga 9800057 | E25A fev/19 | Linhares | 2019-II-11 | <i>Nymphaea</i> sp. | Zorbal-Almeida, S. |
| BRDE17A06 | VIES Microalga 9800058 | E17 mar/19 | Baixo Guandu | 2019-III-20 | Pebble | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE00A06 | VIES Microalga 9800059 | E0 mar/19 | Colatina | 2019-III-20 | Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE21A06 | VIES Microalga 9800060 | E21 mar/19 | Linhares | 2019-III-21 | <i>Culpea melvilla</i> ; <i>Polygonum</i> sp. | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE22A06 | VIES Microalga 9800061 | E22 mar/19 | Linhares | 2019-III-18 | <i>Culpea melvilla</i> ; Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE26A06 | VIES Microalga 9800062 | E26 mar/19 | Linhares | 2019-III-19 | <i>Talipariti pernambucense</i> ; <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE18A06 | VIES Microalga 9800063 | E18 mar/19 | Colatina | 2019-III-20 | <i>Nymphaea rudgeana</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE19A06 | VIES Microalga 9800064 | E19 mar/19 | Linhares | 2019-III-21 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE20A06 | VIES Microalga 9800065 | E20 mar/19 | Linhares | 2019-III-21 | Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE23A06 | VIES Microalga 9800066 | E23 mar/19 | Linhares | 2019-III-19 | <i>Sagittaria</i> sp. | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE24A06 | VIES Microalga 9800067 | E24 mar/19 | Linhares | 2019-III-19 | <i>Nymphaea caerulea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25A06 | VIES Microalga 9800068 | E25 mar/19 | Linhares | 2019-III-18 | <i>Typha domingensis</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25aA06 | VIES Microalga 9800069 | E25A mar/19 | Linhares | 2019-III-18 | <i>Nymphaea caerulea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE17A07 | VIES Microalga 9800070 | E17 abr/19 | Baixo Guandu | 2019-IV-10 | Pebble | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE00A07 | VIES Microalga 9800071 | E0 abr/19 | Colatina | 2019-IV-10 | Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE21A07 | VIES Microalga 9800072 | E21 abr/19 | Linhares | 2019-IV-11 | Acanthaceae; Amaranthaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE22A07 | VIES Microalga 9800073 | E22 abr/19 | Linhares | 2019-IV-08 | Acanthaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE26A07 | VIES Microalga 9800074 | E26 abr/19 | Linhares | 2019-IV-09 | <i>Talipariti pernambucense</i> ; Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE18A07 | VIES Microalga 9800075 | E18 abr/19 | Colatina | 2019-IV-10 | <i>Eleocharis</i> sp. | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE19A07 | VIES Microalga 9800076 | E19 abr/19 | Linhares | 2019-IV-11 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE20A07 | VIES Microalga 9800077 | E20 abr/19 | Linhares | 2019-IV-11 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE23A07 | VIES Microalga 9800078 | E23 abr/19 | Linhares | 2019-IV-09 | <i>Sagittaria</i> sp. | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE24A07 | VIES Microalga 9800079 | E24 abr/19 | Linhares | 2019-IV-09 | <i>Nymphaea</i> sp. | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25A07 | VIES Microalga 9800080 | E25 abr/19 | Linhares | 2019-IV-08 | <i>Typha domingensis</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25aA07 | VIES Microalga 9800081 | E25A abr/19 | Linhares | 2019-IV-08 | <i>Nymphaea caerulea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE17A08 | VIES Microalga 9800082 | E17 mai/19 | Baixo Guandu | 2019-V-15 | Pebble | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE00A08 | VIES Microalga 9800083 | E0 mai/19 | Colatina | 2019-V-15 | Poaceae | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE21A08 | VIES Microalga 9800084 | E21 mai/19 | Linhares | 2019-V-17 | <i>Cuphea melvilla</i> ; Poaceae | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE22A08 | VIES Microalga 9800085 | E22 mai/19 | Linhares | 2019-V-13 | <i>Cuphea melvilla</i> | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE26A08 | VIES Microalga 9800086 | E26 mai/19 | Linhares | 2019-V-13 | <i>Talipariti pernambucense</i> ; <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE18A08 | VIES Microalga 9800087 | E18 mai/19 | Colatina | 2019-V-16 | <i>Eleocharis</i> sp. | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE19A08 | VIES Microalga 9800088 | E19 mai/19 | Linhares | 2019-V-16 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE20A08 | VIES Microalga 9800089 | E20 mai/19 | Linhares | 2019-V-16 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE23A08 | VIES Microalga 9800090 | E23 mai/19 | Linhares | 2019-V-14 | <i>Sagittaria</i> sp. | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE24A08 | VIES Microalga 9800091 | E24 mai/19 | Linhares | 2019-V-14 | <i>Nymphaea caerulea</i> | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE25A08 | VIES Microalga 9800092 | E25 mai/19 | Linhares | 2019-V-14 | <i>Typha</i> sp. | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE25aA08 | VIES Microalga 9800093 | E25A mai/19 | Linhares | 2019-V-14 | <i>Nymphaea caerulea</i> | Souza, K.B. |

continue

Table 2 (continuation)

| Sample Code | Herbarium number | Sample | Locality | Date | Substrates | Collector |
|-------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---|----------------|
| BRDE17A09 | VIES Microalga 9800094 | E17 jun/19 | Baixo Guandu | 2019-VI-12 | Pebble | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE00A09 | VIES Microalga 9800095 | E0 jun/19 | Colatina | 2019-VI-12 | Poaceae | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE21A09 | VIES Microalga 9800096 | E21 jun/19 | Linhares | 2019-VI-11 | Poaceae | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE22A09 | VIES Microalga 9800097 | E22 jun/19 | Linhares | 2019-VI-11 | <i>Cuphea melvilla</i> | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE26A09 | VIES Microalga 9800098 | E26 jun/19 | Linhares | 2019-VI-10 | Poaceae | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE18A09 | VIES Microalga 9800099 | E18 jun/19 | Colatina | 2019-VI-12 | <i>Eleocharis</i> sp. | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE19A09 | VIES Microalga 9800100 | E19 jun/19 | Linhares | 2019-VI-13 | <i>Eichhornia</i> sp. | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE20A09 | VIES Microalga 9800101 | E20 jun/19 | Linhares | 2019-VI-13 | Poaceae | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE23A09 | VIES Microalga 9800102 | E23 jun/19 | Linhares | 2019-VI-10 | <i>Sagittaria</i> sp. | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE24A09 | VIES Microalga 9800103 | E24 jun/19 | Linhares | 2019-VI-10 | <i>Nymphaea</i> sp. | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE25A09 | VIES Microalga 9800104 | E25 jun/19 | Linhares | 2019-VI-11 | <i>Typha</i> sp. | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE25aA09 | VIES Microalga 9800105 | E25A jun/19 | Linhares | 2019-VI-11 | <i>Nymphaea</i> sp. | Souza, K.B. |
| BRDE17A10 | VIES Microalga 9800106 | E17 jul/19 | Baixo Guandu | 2019-VII-17 | Pebble | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE00A10 | VIES Microalga 9800107 | E0 jul/19 | Colatina | 2019-VII-17 | Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE21A10 | VIES Microalga 9800108 | E21 jul/19 | Linhares | 2019-VII-16 | Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE22A10 | VIES Microalga 9800109 | E22 jul/19 | Linhares | 2019-VII-16 | <i>Cuphea melvilla</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE26A10 | VIES Microalga 9800110 | E26 jul/19 | Linhares | 2019-VII-15 | <i>Talipariti pernambucense</i> ; Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE18A10 | VIES Microalga 9800111 | E18 jul/19 | Colatina | 2019-VII-17 | <i>Eleocharis</i> sp. | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE19A10 | VIES Microalga 9800112 | E19 jul/19 | Linhares | 2019-VII-18 | <i>Eichhornia azurea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE20A10 | VIES Microalga 9800113 | E20 jul/19 | Linhares | 2019-VII-18 | Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE23A10 | VIES Microalga 9800114 | E23 jul/19 | Linhares | 2019-VII-15 | <i>Sagittaria lancifolia</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE24A10 | VIES Microalga 9800115 | E24 jul/19 | Linhares | 2019-VII-15 | <i>Eleocharis</i> sp. | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25A10 | VIES Microalga 9800116 | E25 jul/19 | Linhares | 2019-VII-16 | <i>Typha domingensis</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25aA10 | VIES Microalga 9800117 | E25A jul/19 | Linhares | 2019-VII-16 | <i>Nymphaea caerulea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE17A11 | VIES Microalga 9800118 | E17 ago/19 | Baixo Guandu | 2019-VIII-15 | Pebble | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE00A11 | VIES Microalga 9800119 | E0 ago/19 | Colatina | 2019-VIII-15 | <i>Paspalum pilosum</i> ; Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE21A11 | VIES Microalga 9800120 | E21 ago/19 | Linhares | 2019-VIII-16 | <i>Panicum aquaticum</i> ; Bambusoideae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE22A11 | VIES Microalga 9800121 | E22 ago/19 | Linhares | 2019-VIII-15 | <i>Cuphea melvilla</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE26A11 | VIES Microalga 9800122 | E26 ago/19 | Linhares | 2019-VIII-12 | <i>Talipariti pernambucense</i> ; Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE18A11 | VIES Microalga 9800123 | E18 ago/19 | Colatina | 2019-VIII-13 | <i>Eleocharis interstincta</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE19A11 | VIES Microalga 9800124 | E19 ago/19 | Linhares | 2019-VIII-16 | <i>Eichhornia azurea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE20A11 | VIES Microalga 9800125 | E20 ago/19 | Linhares | 2019-VIII-14 | Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE23A11 | VIES Microalga 9800126 | E23 ago/19 | Linhares | 2019-VIII-12 | <i>Sagittaria lancifolia</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE24A11 | VIES Microalga 9800127 | E24 ago/19 | Linhares | 2019-VIII-12 | <i>Eleocharis interstincta</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25A11 | VIES Microalga 9800128 | E25 ago/19 | Linhares | 2019-VIII-13 | <i>Typha domingensis</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25aA11 | VIES Microalga 9800129 | E25A ago/19 | Linhares | 2019-VIII-13 | <i>Nymphaea caerulea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE17A12 | VIES Microalga 9800130 | E17 set/19 | Baixo Guandu | 2019-IX-18 | Pebble | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE00A12 | VIES Microalga 9800131 | E0 set/19 | Colatina | 2019-IX-18 | <i>Paspalum pilosum</i> ; Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE21A12 | VIES Microalga 9800132 | E21 set/19 | Linhares | 2019-IX-17 | <i>Panicum aquaticum</i> ; Bambusoideae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE22A12 | VIES Microalga 9800133 | E22 set/19 | Linhares | 2019-IX-17 | <i>Cuphea melvilla</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE26A12 | VIES Microalga 9800134 | E26 set/19 | Linhares | 2019-IX-16 | <i>Talipariti pernambucense</i> ; Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE18A12 | VIES Microalga 9800135 | E18 set/19 | Colatina | 2019-IX-18 | <i>Eleocharis interstincta</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE19A12 | VIES Microalga 9800136 | E19 set/19 | Linhares | 2019-IX-19 | <i>Eichhornia azurea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE20A12 | VIES Microalga 9800137 | E20 set/19 | Linhares | 2019-IX-19 | Poaceae | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE23A12 | VIES Microalga 9800138 | E23 set/19 | Linhares | 2019-IX-16 | <i>Sagittaria lancifolia</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE24A12 | VIES Microalga 9800139 | E24 set/19 | Linhares | 2019-IX-16 | <i>Eleocharis interstincta</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25A12 | VIES Microalga 9800140 | E25 set/19 | Linhares | 2019-IX-17 | <i>Typha domingensis</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |

continue

Table 2 (continuation)

| Sample Code | Herbarium number | Sample | Locality | Date | Substrates | Collector |
|-------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|---|----------------|
| BRDE25aA12 | VIES Microalga 9800141 | E25A set/19 | Linhares | 2019-IX-17 | <i>Nymphaea caerulea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE17A13 | VIES Microalga 9800142 | E17 nov/19 | Baixo Guandu | 2019-XI-27 | Pebble | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE00A13 | VIES Microalga 9800143 | E0 nov/19 | Colatina | 2019-XI-27 | <i>Paspalum pilosum</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE21A13 | VIES Microalga 9800144 | E21 nov/19 | Linhares | 2019-XI-28 | <i>Panicum aquaticum; Bambusoideae</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE22A13 | VIES Microalga 9800145 | E22 nov/19 | Linhares | 2019-XI-26 | <i>Cuphea melvillia</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE26A13 | VIES Microalga 9800146 | E26 nov/19 | Linhares | 2019-XI-25 | <i>Talipariti pernambucense; Panicum aquaticum</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE18A13 | VIES Microalga 9800147 | E18 nov/19 | Colatina | 2019-XI-27 | <i>Eleocharis interstincta</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE19A13 | VIES Microalga 9800148 | E19 nov/19 | Linhares | 2019-XI-28 | <i>Eichhornia azurea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE20A13 | VIES Microalga 9800149 | E20 nov/19 | Linhares | 2019-XI-28 | <i>Panicum aquaticum</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE24A13 | VIES Microalga 9800150 | E24 nov/19 | Linhares | 2019-XI-25 | <i>Eleocharis interstincta</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25A13 | VIES Microalga 9800151 | E25 nov/19 | Linhares | 2019-XI-26 | <i>Typha domingensis</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25aA13 | VIES Microalga 9800152 | E25A nov/19 | Linhares | 2019-XI-26 | <i>Nymphaea caerulea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE17A14 | VIES Microalga 9800153 | E17 dez/19 | Baixo Guandu | 2019-XII-11 | Pebble | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE00A14 | VIES Microalga 9800154 | E0 dez/19 | Colatina | 2019-XII-11 | <i>Paspalum pilosum</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE21A14 | VIES Microalga 9800155 | E21 dez/19 | Linhares | 2019-XII-10 | <i>Panicum aquaticum; Bambusoideae</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE22A14 | VIES Microalga 9800156 | E22 dez/19 | Linhares | 2019-XII-10 | <i>Cuphea melvillia</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE26A14 | VIES Microalga 9800157 | E26 dez/19 | Linhares | 2019-XII-09 | <i>Talipariti pernambucensis; Panicum aquaticum</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE18A14 | VIES Microalga 9800158 | E18 dez/19 | Colatina | 2019-XII-11 | <i>Eleocharis interstincta</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE19A14 | VIES Microalga 9800159 | E19 dez/19 | Linhares | 2019-XII-12 | <i>Eichhornia azurea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE20A14 | VIES Microalga 9800160 | E20 dez/19 | Linhares | 2019-XII-12 | <i>Panicum aquaticum</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE24A14 | VIES Microalga 9800161 | E24 dez/19 | Linhares | 2019-XII-09 | <i>Eleocharis interstincta</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25A14 | VIES Microalga 9800162 | E25 dez/19 | Linhares | 2019-XII-10 | <i>Typha domingensis</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25aA14 | VIES Microalga 9800163 | E25A dez/19 | Linhares | 2019-XII-10 | <i>Nymphaea rudgeana</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE17A15 | VIES Microalga 9800164 | E17 jan/20 | Baixo Guandu | 2020-I-22 | Pebble | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE00A15 | VIES Microalga 9800165 | E0 jan/20 | Colatina | 2020-I-22 | <i>Paspalum pilosum</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE21A15 | VIES Microalga 9800166 | E21 jan/20 | Linhares | 2020-I-21 | <i>Panicum aquaticum; Bambusoideae</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE22A15 | VIES Microalga 9800167 | E22 jan/20 | Linhares | 2020-I-21 | <i>Cuphea melvillia</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE26A15 | VIES Microalga 9800168 | E26 jan/20 | Linhares | 2020-I-20 | <i>Talipariti pernambucense; Panicum aquaticum</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE18A15 | VIES Microalga 9800169 | E18 jan/20 | Colatina | 2020-I-22 | <i>Eleocharis interstincta</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE19A15 | VIES Microalga 9800170 | E19 jan/20 | Linhares | 2020-I-23 | <i>Eichhornia azurea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE20A15 | VIES Microalga 9800171 | E20 jan/20 | Linhares | 2020-I-23 | <i>Panicum aquaticum</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE24A15 | VIES Microalga 9800172 | E24 jan/20 | Linhares | 2020-I-20 | <i>Eleocharis interstincta</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25A15 | VIES Microalga 9800173 | E25 jan/20 | Linhares | 2020-I-21 | <i>Typha domingensis</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE25aA15 | VIES Microalga 9800174 | E25A jan/20 | Linhares | 2020-I-21 | <i>Nymphaea caerulea</i> | Trancoso, M.S. |
| BRDE17A16 | VIES Microalga 9800175 | E17 fev/20 | Baixo Guandu | 2020-II-05 | Pebble | Santana, L.M. |
| BRDE00A16 | VIES Microalga 9800176 | E0 fev/20 | Colatina | 2020-II-05 | <i>Panicum dichotomiflorum; Panicum repens</i> | Santana, L.M. |
| BRDE21A16 | VIES Microalga 9800177 | E21 fev/20 | Linhares | 2020-II-04 | <i>Cuphea melvillia; Poaceae</i> | Santana, L.M. |
| BRDE22A16 | VIES Microalga 9800178 | E22 fev/20 | Linhares | 2020-II-04 | <i>Cuphea melvillia</i> | Santana, L.M. |
| BRDE26A16 | VIES Microalga 9800179 | E26 fev/20 | Linhares | 2020-II-03 | <i>Talipariti pernambucense; Panicum aquaticum</i> | Santana, L.M. |
| BRDE18A16 | VIES Microalga 9800180 | E18 fev/20 | Colatina | 2020-II-05 | <i>Eleocharis interstincta</i> | Santana, L.M. |
| BRDE19A16 | VIES Microalga 9800181 | E19 fev/20 | Linhares | 2020-II-06 | <i>Eichhornia azurea</i> | Santana, L.M. |
| BRDE20A16 | VIES Microalga 9800182 | E20 fev/20 | Linhares | 2020-II-06 | <i>Panicum aquaticum</i> | Santana, L.M. |
| BRDE24A16 | VIES Microalga 9800183 | E24 fev/20 | Linhares | 2020-II-03 | <i>Nymphaea lingulata</i> | Santana, L.M. |
| BRDE25A16 | VIES Microalga 9800184 | E25 fev/20 | Linhares | 2020-II-04 | <i>Typha domingensis</i> | Santana, L.M. |
| BRDE25aA16 | VIES Microalga 9800185 | E25A fev/20 | Linhares | 2020-II-04 | <i>Nymphaea caerulea</i> | Santana, L.M. |

be submitted non-periodically. This series is the first effort to describe periphytic algae flora from this region.

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Authors Contributions

Stéfano Zorzar-Almeida, Karoline Barros de Souza, Lucineide Maria Santana, Bianka Gerhardt Endlich, Bruna Fadul-Souza, Davi Barbosa de Jesus, Izabela Clara Marques Balinhas, Mateus Sardi Trancoso, Miguel Ângelo Scardua-Filho, and Valéria de Oliveira Fernandes: contributed equal to the concept, design, and critical revision.

Stéfano Zorzar-Almeida: contributed to the first draft of the manuscript.

Conflicts of interest

There is no conflict of interest.

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